



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

Ph.D. (Second Semester) Examinations, November – 2023

WPPEMT2037 - Advanced Discrete Mathematics

(Mathematics)

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

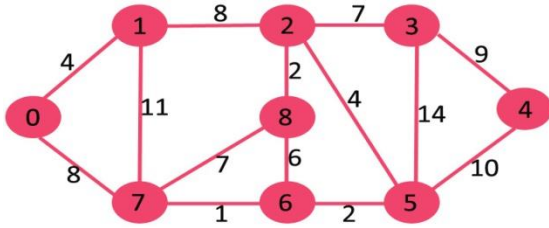
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Answer ANY FIVE Questions

(14 x 5 = 70 Marks)

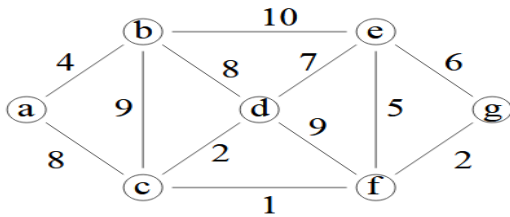
- | | Marks |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1.a. Show that the hypothesis “if you send me an email message, then I will finish writing the program” “if you do not send me an email message, then I will go to sleep early” and “if I go to sleep early, then I will wake up feeling refreshed” leads to a conclusion “if I do not finish writing the program then I will wake up feeling refreshed” | 7 |
| b. Show that if ‘n’ is an integer and n^3+5 is odd, then ‘n’ is even by method of contraposition. | 7 |
| 2.a. Prove that $3 + 3.5 + 3.5^2 + \dots + 3.5^n = \frac{3(5^{n+1} - 1)}{4}$ whenever n is a non-negative integer by method of induction. | 7 |
| b. Show by method of induction that $6^{n+2} + 7^{2n+1}$ is divisible by 43 for all positive integers n | 7 |
| 3.a. In A survey of 100 students, it was found that 30 studied Mathematics, 54 studied Statistics, 25 studied Operations Research, 1 studied all the three subjects, 20 studied Mathematics and Statistics, 3 studied Mathematics and Operation Research and 15 studied Statistics and Operation Research. Find how many students studied none of these subjects and how many students studied only Mathematics? | 7 |
| b. Draw the Hasse diagram of the poset $(\{2, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 27, 36, 48, 60, 72\},)$.
a) Find the maximal elements.
b) Find the minimal elements.
c) Is there a greatest element?
d) Is there a least element?
e) Find all upper bounds of $\{2, 9\}$.
f) Find the least upper bound of $\{2, 9\}$, if it exists.
g) Find all lower bounds of $\{60, 72\}$.
h) Find the greatest lower bound of $\{60, 72\}$, if it exists. | 7 |
| 4.a. If $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$ and $H = \{1, -1\}$ be a sub-group of G under the operation multiplication then find all the left cosets of H in G. | 7 |
| b. Let G be a group containing even number of elements, then prove that there exist at least one element which has its own inverse. | 7 |
| 5.a. Show that if meet operation is distributive over join operation then join operation distributive over meet operation. | 7 |
| b. Let $E(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \overline{(x_1 \vee x_2)} \vee \overline{(x_1 \wedge x_3)}$ be a Boolean expression. Find its disjunctive and conjunctive normal forms. | 7 |

6.a. find the shortest path from the vertex 0 to the vertex 4 by using Dijkstra's algorithm



7

b. Find the minimum spanning tree of the following graph by using Prim's's algorithm.



7

7 a. Prove that in a distributive lattice if an element has a complement then this complement is unique.

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b. For any a, b, c and d in a lattice (A, \leq) if $a \leq b$ and $c \leq d$ then show that $a \vee c \leq b \vee d$ and $a \wedge c \leq b \wedge d$.

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8 a. State and prove demorgan's property of distributive lattice.

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b. Let (A, \leq) be a distributive lattice. show if $a \wedge x = a \wedge y$ and $a \vee x = a \vee y$ for some a then show that $x = y$.

7

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