

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022
M. Tech (Second Semester) Examinations, May - 2024
MPEEC2034 - Wireless Sensor Networks
(ECE)

Time: 3 Hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.)

PART – A**(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**

Q.1. Answer all questions

| | CO# | Blooms Level |
|--|-----|-----------------|
| a. Describe the architecture of a sensor node, including both hardware and software components. | CO1 | K2 |
| b. What are the key considerations when designing sensor network architectures for specific applications? | CO1 | K1 |
| c. Name four examples of hardware commonly used in sensor networks. | CO2 | K2 |
| d. What are some features of the tinyOS operating system? | CO2 | K3 |
| e. What is nesC, and how does it differ from traditional programming languages like C? | CO3 | K2 |
| f. Name two examples each of open-source and commercial platforms used for simulating wireless sensor networks. | CO3 | K2 |
| g. Name two important protocols used at the Physical layer in wireless sensor networks and briefly explain their functions. | CO4 | K2 |
| h. What are the key characteristics of MAC layer protocols in sensor networks, and why are they essential? | CO4 | K1 |
| i. How does data dissemination and processing in wireless sensor networks differ from traditional database management systems? | CO2 | K2 |
| j. What are some specialized features unique to wireless sensor networks, such as energy preservation and efficiency? | CO1 | K3 |

PART – B**(10 x 5=50 Marks)**Answer ANY FIVE questions

| | Marks | CO# | Blooms Level |
|---|-------|-----|-----------------|
| 2. a. Discuss the architecture of a typical sensor network, including its various components and their functions | 5 | CO1 | K3 |
| b. Compare and contrast sensor networks with Ad Hoc Networks in terms of their design, communication protocols, and applications. | 5 | CO1 | K4 |
| 3.a. How have advancements in technology led to the development of platforms like micaZ, tmote, and bnode? | 5 | CO2 | K5 |
| b. Analyze the challenges associated with selecting hardware and software components for sensor network deployments. | 5 | CO2 | K3 |
| 4. a. Compare and contrast the programming paradigms of C and nesC in the context of wireless sensor network development. | 5 | CO3 | K3 |
| b. Discuss the importance of performance evaluation in wireless sensor networks. | 5 | CO3 | K4 |

| | | | | |
|-------|--|---|-----|----|
| 5.a. | Explore the fundamentals of the 802.15.4 standard and its significance in wireless sensor networks. | 5 | CO4 | K3 |
| b. | How does UWB differ from traditional wireless communication technologies like Bluetooth and Wi-Fi? | 5 | CO4 | K4 |
| 6. a. | Analyze the security challenges faced by wireless sensor networks, including threats such as eavesdropping, data tampering, and node compromise. | 5 | CO2 | K5 |
| b. | How do factors like node placement, transmission range, and network topology affect data collection, routing efficiency, and network robustness? | 5 | CO2 | K3 |
| 7.a. | Compare the hardware features of sensor node platforms like TelosB and Sun SPOT. | 5 | CO1 | K3 |
| b. | Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of operating systems used in wireless sensor networks, such as MANTIS and Contiki. | 5 | CO1 | K4 |
| 8. a. | Explore the key protocols used at different layers of the OSI model in wireless sensor networks. | 5 | CO3 | K3 |
| b. | Investigate the characteristics and applications of wireless communication technologies such as Bluetooth and BLE. | 5 | CO4 | K4 |

--- End of Paper ---