

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

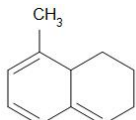


GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022
M. Sc (Second Semester) Examinations, July - 2023
22CHPC204 - Organic Spectroscopy
(Chemistry)

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.)

PART – A**(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**Q.1. Answer *ALL* questionsa. Calculate the λ_{\max} of

b. What is the steric effect on electronic transition?

c. A solution of thickness 3 cm transmittance 30 % incident light. Calculate the concentration of the solution given that molar absorptivity is $4000 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$.

d. What is fundamental frequency?

e. What is inductive effect?

f. Calculate the spin quantum number and allowed spin states ${}_1\text{H}^2$ and ${}_6\text{C}^{12}$

g. Find out the signals of Ethane, Ethene and benzene.

h. What is COSY.

i. What are hard and soft ionization techniques?

j. What is meta stable ion.

CO #	Blooms
	Level

2 1

1 2

2 2

1 1

3 1

3 2

3 2

4 2

4 1

PART – B (10 x 5=50 Marks)Answer ANY FIVE questions

2. a. Explain Various electronic transitions.

Marks	CO #	Blooms
		Level

6 1 1

b. Explain Blue and Red shift.

4 1 2

3.a. State and explain Beer-Lamberts Law.

6 1 2

b. The intensity of incident light on a sample is 0.50 w/m^2 and the intensity of light entering the detector is 0.36 w/m^2 . Calculate the transmittance and absorbance.

4 2 2

4. a. Draw the spectrum of 2-butanone and Butanoic acid.

2 1

b. Draw the instrumentation of IR.

4 2 2

5.a. Write down the principle of NMR spectroscopy.

6 2 2

b. Explain chemical shift.

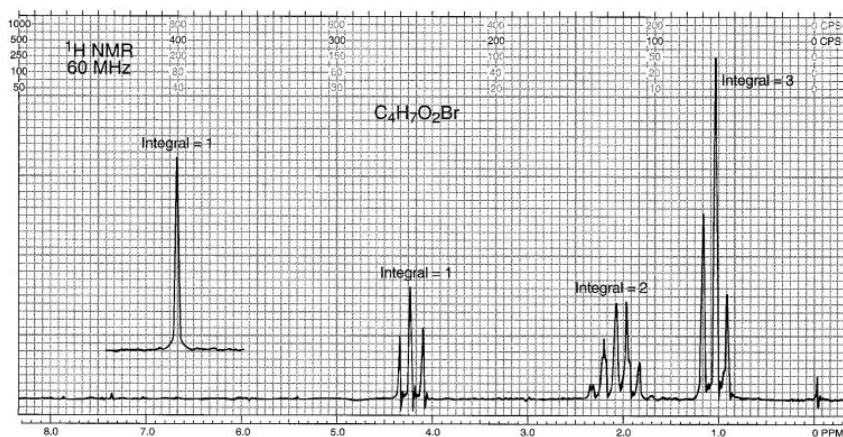
4 3 2

6. a. What is coupling constant and explain the factors affecting coupling constant.

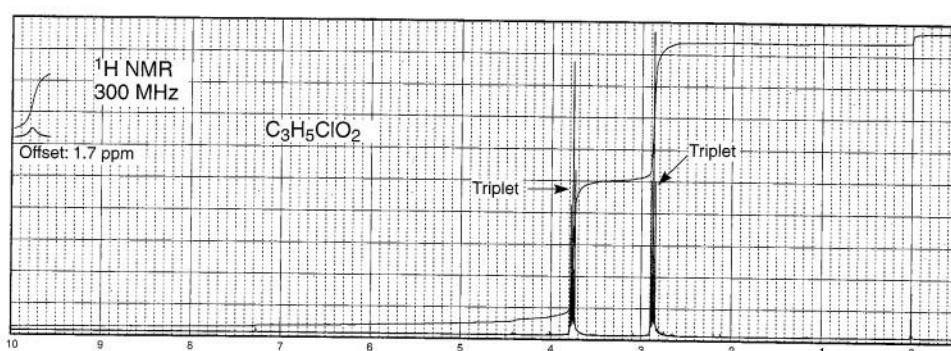
6 3 1

b. The following compound is a carboxylic acid that contains a bromine atom: $\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{O}_2\text{Br}$. The peak at 10.97 ppm was moved onto the chart (which runs only from 0 to 8 ppm) for clarity. What is the structure of the compound?

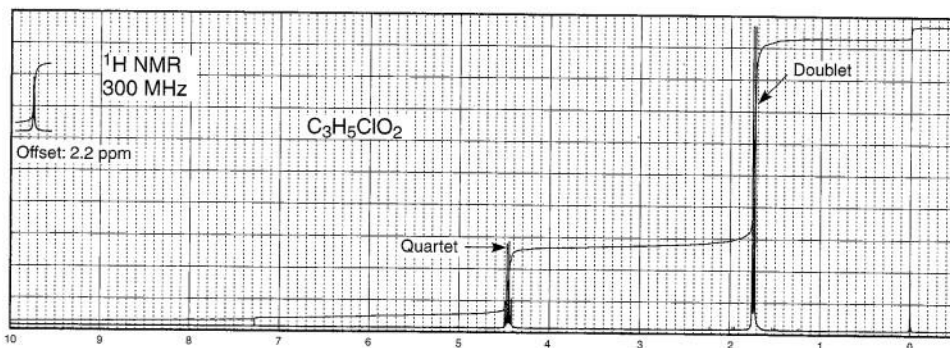
4 4 2



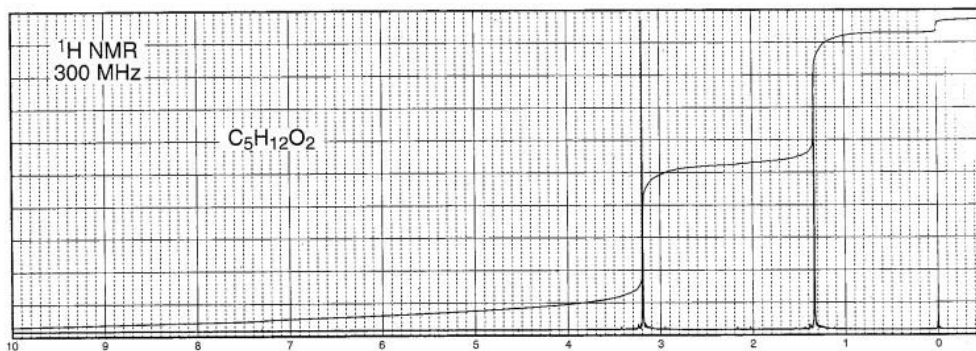
- 7.a. The two isomeric carboxylic acid that give the following NMR spectra both have the formula $C_3H_5ClO_2$. Draw their structures. 6 3 2



(b)



- b. Draw the structure of ether with formula $C_5H_{12}O_2$ that fits the following NMR spectrum. 4 3 2



8. a. What is the principle of Mass spectroscopy? 6 4 2
 b. What is Field desorption techniques? 4 4 1

--- End of Paper ---