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**GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022**  
**M. Sc. (First Semester) Regular Examinations, February - 2024**  
**22MTPC102 - Topology**  
**(Mathematics)**

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.)

**PART - A****(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**Q.1. Answer *ALL* questions

	CO #	Blooms Level
a. Define discrete topology and give one example.	CO1	K1
b. Define Closure of topology with example.	CO1	K1
c. Explain Relative topology.	CO1	K2
d. Show that $A^0$ is largest open subset of A.	CO2	K2
e. Define compactness and give one example.	CO2	K1
f. Show that $C = \left\{ \left( 0, \frac{n}{n+1} \right) : n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$ is a cover of $(0,1)$ .	CO2	K3
g. Define connected and disconnected space.	CO3	K1
h. Define regular space.	CO3	K1
i. Show that every discrete space is a Hausdorff space.	CO4	K2
j. Define metric space.	CO4	K2

**PART - B****(10 x 5 = 50 Marks)**Answer ANY FIVE questions

	Marks	CO #	Blooms Level
2. a. Let $(X,T)$ be a topological space and let A, B are non empty subsets of X, then prove that	5	CO1	K3
i. $D(\emptyset) = \emptyset$			
ii. $x \in D(A) \Rightarrow x \in D(A - \{x\})$			
iii. $A \subset B \Rightarrow D(A) \subset D(B)$			
IV. $D(A \cup B) \Rightarrow D(A) \cup D(B)$			
V. $D(A \cap B) \Rightarrow D(A) \cap D(B)$			
b. Let $(X,T)$ be a topological space and $A \subset X$ . A point x of A is an interior point of A iff it is not a limit point of $X - A$ .	5	CO1	K2
3.a. Let $T = \{X, \emptyset, \{p\}, \{p, q\}, \{p, q, t\}, \{p, q, r, s\}, \{p, r, s\}\}$ be the topology on $X = \{p, q, r, s, t\}$ . Determine limit points, closure, interior, exterior and boundary of the following sets :	5	CO1	K2
i. $A = \{r, s, t\}$			
ii. $B = \{q\}$			
b. If $T_1, T_2$ are two topologies defined on the same set X, then $T_1 \cap T_2$ is also a topology on X, but $T_1 \cup T_2$ is not a topology on X.	5	CO1	K2

4. a.	Show that a closed subset of a compact space is compact	5	CO2	K3
b.	If $A, B$ be separated sets of a topological space $(X, T)$ then prove that	5	CO2	K2
	i. $A \cup B$ is closed $\implies A$ and $B$ are closed			
	ii. $A \cup B$ is open $\implies A$ and $B$ are open.			
5.a.	Prove that the union of two non-empty separated subset of a topological space is disconnected.	5	CO2	K2
b.	If $f$ and $g$ are continuous real or complex functions defined on a topological space $X$ , then $f + g, \alpha f$ and $fg$ are also continuous . Furthermore , if $f$ and $g$ are real then $f \vee g$ and $f \wedge g$ , are continuous.	5	CO2	K3
6. a.	A topological space $(X, T)$ is a $T_0$ -space iff for any distinct arbitrary points $x, y$ of $X$ , the closure of $\{x\}$ and $\{y\}$ are distinct	5	CO3	K3
b.	A topological space $(X, T)$ is a $T_1$ -space iff $T$ contains the cofinite topology on $X$	5	CO3	K2
7.a.	Show that $(X, T)$ is a $T_4$ -space $\implies (X, T)$ is a $T_2$ -space.	5	CO3	K2
b.	Prove that the $T_1$ -axiom of separation is a hereditary property.	5	CO3	K2
8. a.	State and prove Holder's inequality.	5	CO4	K2
b.	State and prove Hilbert space.	5	CO4	K2