QPC: RA20BTECH867

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Reg. No



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022



B. Tech (Eight Semester - Regular) Examinations, April- 2024

BOECH8030 - Biochemical Engineering

(Chemical)

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 70 Marks

The figures in the	right hand m	nargin indicate	marks.
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PA	RT – A: (1	$(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ M})$	$(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$			
<u>Q.1</u>	. Answer	ALL questions	[CO#]	[PO#]		
a.	Microbiol	logy is the study of	CO1	PO1		
	(i)	Bacteria (ii) Fungi				
	(iii)	Algae (iv) All of these				
b.	Biochemi	stry is	CO1	PO1		
	(i)	Life science (ii) Chemical science				
	(iii)	Both (i) and (ii) (iv) None of these				
c.	Protoplasi	m is consisting of	CO1	PO1		
	(i)	Protein (ii) Lipids				
	(iii)	Nucleic acids (iv) All of these				
d.	Enzymes	are	CO2	PO1		
	(i)	Low catalytic power (ii) high catalytic power				
	(iii)	highly specific in nature (iv) both (ii) and (iii)				
e.	IUB is		CO2	PO1		
	(i)	International Union of Biology (ii) International Union of Biochen				
	(iii)	Indian Union of Biochemist (iv) International Union of Biologis				
f.		Menten constant may be defined as the substrate concentration at which the reaches	ction CO2	PO1		
		% of the maximum rate.				
	(i)	25 (ii) 50				
	(iii)	75 (iv) 100				
g.		sfer studies in Bioprocess is complicated study compared to chemical process becau	use CO3	PO1		
	(i)	Complex Rheology of (ii) Presence of living organism				
	(;;;)	fermentation broth Both (i) and (ii) (iv) None of these				
h	(iii)	Both (i) and (ii) (iv) None of these sfer operations in bioprocess may be studied under the categories of	CO2	DO1		
h.	(i)	Convective mass transfer (ii) Diffusion mass transfer	CO3	PO1		
	(iii)	Liquid-liquid extraction (iv) All of these				
i.	` '	anism consume the	CO3	PO1		
1.	_	Oxygen gas (ii) Nitrogen gas	603	101		
	(iii)	Both (i) and (ii) (iv) None of these				
j.	` '	y isolation	CO4	PO1		
J.	(i)	air is removed (ii) water is removed	201	101		
	(iii)	solids are removed (iv) none of these				
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PA	PART – B: (Short Answer Questions) $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$					

Q.2. Answer ALL questions

[CO#] [PO#]

a. Differentiate between microbiology and Biochemistry.

CO1 PO3

c. W d. D e. S f. S g. W h. D i. W	Define cell theory. What are holoenzyme and apoenzyme? Define Turn Over Number(TON) tate Monod Growth Kinetics. tate Fick's second law of uni-direction diffusion. What are the methods to increase mass transfer rate. Define Sherwood number and Scimdt number. What is downstream processing?		CO2 11 CO2 11 CO2 11 CO3 11 CO3 11	PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO1 PO2 PO1 PO1	
j. What is bioleaching?PART – C: (Long Answer Questions)		(10 x 4		PO1 arks)	
Answ	er ALL questions	Marks	[CO#]	[PO#]	
3. a.	Outline the characteristics of biological systems	5	CO1	PO2	
b.	Explain Eucaryotic cell with neat sketch	5	CO1	PO2	
	(OR)				
c.	Elaborate the characteristics of microorganisms.	10	CO1	PO2	
4. a.			CO2	PO2	
b.	Derive a kinetic expression for reversible competitive inhibition.	5 5	CO2	PO2	
	(OR)				
c.	Explain the importance of lipid.	10	CO1	PO2	
5. a.	Explain the air sterilization methods.	5	CO3	PO2	
b.	Briefly explain thermal death kinetics.	5	CO3	PO2	
0.		3	CO3	102	
	(OR)		go. (200	
c.	Differentiate between fixed bed and fluidized bed reactor.	10	CO4	PO3	
6. a.	Explain the working principle, advantages and disadvantages of batch reactor with neat sketch.	5	CO4	PO2	
b.	Explain the working principle of air lift reactor with neat sketch.	5	CO4	PO2	
(OR)					
c.	Discuss the techniques used to monitor the physical environment of bioreactor.	5	CO4	PO2	
d.	Discussion the biological methods for effluent treatment.	5	CO4	PO2	
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