QPC: RN20BTECH695

AR 20

Reg. No





## **GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022**

B. Tech (Seventh Semester - Regular) Examinations, November - 2023

## **BPEEL7021 - Utilization of Electrical Energy**

(EE)

Time: 3 hrs			Maximum: 70 Marks					
Answer ALL Questions								
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions)			$(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$					
Q.	1. Answer ALL questions		[CO#]	[PO#]				
a.	Supply frequency in 25KV single-phase syst	tem is	CO1	PO2				
	i. 50HZ	ii. 60HZ						
	iii. 25HZ	iv. 16HZ						
b.	In Resistance heating the method of heat cor	ntrol is	CO1	PO1				
	i. By change the number element	ii. By changing tapping						
	iii. By inserting with external resistance	iv. All of the above						
c.	The illumination due to good daylight is app	proximately equal to	CO2	PO1				
	i. 100 lux	ii. 200 lux						
	iii. 300 lux	iv. 400 lux						
d.	Solid angle is expressed in terms of		CO2	PO1				
	i. Radians / meter	ii. Steradian						
	iii. Radians	iv. Degree						
e.	The range of visual spectrum is	•	CO3	PO1				
	i. 300nm - 1000nm	ii. 300nm - 760nm						
	iii. 480nm - 1000nm	iv. 480nm - 760nm						
f.	For regenerative braking, the motor which is	s not suitable is	CO3	PO1				
	i. DC shunt motor	ii. DC compound motor						
	iii. DC series motor	iv. AC shunt motor						
g.	The main line service distance between two	stops is?	CO4	PO1				
	i. 5KM	ii. 10KM						
	iii. 5 to 10KM	iv. More than 10KM						
h.	Element of speed time curve		CO5	PO1				
	i. Initial acceleration	ii. Coasting						
	iii. Constant speed	iv. All of these						
i.	The sun's rays reach the earth without heating	ng the atmosphere, this is due to	CO2	PO1				
	i. Convection	ii. Radiation						
	iii. Conduction	iv. None of these						
j.	The artificial source of light is		CO2	PO1				
	i. Arc lamp	ii. Incandescent lamp						
	iii. Discharge lamp	iv. All of these						
PART – B: (Short Answer Questions)			$(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$					
Q.2	2. Answer ALL questions		[CO#]	[PO#]				
a.	Give the classification of electric heating	CO1	PO1					
b.	Define conduction and convection.	CO1	PO1					
c.	What is lambert's cosine law of illumina	CO2	PO1					
d. Define the terms: Dead weight, Adhesive weight			CO2	PO1				
Define the terms. Dead weight, Panesive weight								

e.	Why DC series motor is suited for traction applications. Justify?		CO4	PO1
f.	Classify the supply system for electric traction.		CO3	PO1
g.	What are the requirements of an ideal traction system?		CO5	PO1
h.	Write an expression for synchronous speed.		CO5	PO1
i.	State the advantages of electric heating.		CO1	PO1
j.	If one lamp connects between two phases it will glow or not?		CO2	PO1
PART – C: (Long Answer Questions)		$(10 \times 4 = 40 \text{ Marks})$		
Ans	wer ALL questions	Marks	[CO#]	[PO#]
3. a	. Name and describe various resistances welding process.	5	CO1	PO1
b	. Distinguish in detail between Direct Resistance and Indirect resistance heating.	5	CO1	PO1
	(OR)			
c	. State five applications of dielectrically heating.	5	CO1	PO1
d	. List the different properties that are required for a good heating material.	5	CO1	PO1
4. a	Explain working of fluorescent tube with circuit diagram. What is the function of a choke and starter in fluorescent tube?	e 5	CO2	PO1
b	. Define polar curves. Write its significance?	5	CO2	PO1
	(OR)			
c	. State at least four differences between Incandescent Lamp and Fluorescent tube.	5	CO3	PO1
d	. State and explain laws of Illumination.	5	CO2	PO1
<b>5</b> -		5	CO3	PO1
5. a		5		
b	. What are the basic requirements of braking system?  (OR)	5	CO3	PO1
	• /	5	CO3	PO1
c d		5 5	CO3	PO1
u	. Name the advanced methods of speed control of traction motors.	3	CO3	101
6. a	. A 20hp, 220v shunt motor takes a full load current of 82A, speed 1000rpm and armature resistance $0.1\Omega$ , shunt field resistance $110\Omega$ . It is to be braked by plugging. What is resistance must be placed in series to limit the current to 120A. Find initial value of starting torque.	S	CO4	PO2
b		5	CO4	PO2
	(OR)	_	GO.4	D02
С	. A 200V dc shunt motor running at 1000rpm takes an armature current of 17.5A. It is required to reduce the speed to 600rpm, what must be the value of resistance to be inserted in the armature circuit if the original armature resistance is $0.4\Omega$ ? Take armature current to be constant during the process.	l	CO4	PO2
_				

5

CO4

PO2

d. What are special features of a traction motor?