



**GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022**  
**B. Tech (Sixth Semester Regular) Examinations, May - 2024**  
**21BECOE36011 - Operating Systems**  
**(ECE)**

Time: 3 hrs

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks)

**PART – A****(2 x 5 = 10 Marks)**Q.1. Answer **ALL** questions

- |  | CO # | Blooms<br>Level |
|--|------|-----------------|
| a. Draw the diagram that can explain spooling.   | CO1  | K1              |
| b. What is convoy effect?  | CO2  | K1              |
| c. Briefly explain about many to one model in thread concept.  | CO2  | K1              |
| d. If there are 400 tracks in a disk with the constant depending upon the disk drive is 0.004.<br>Find out Seek time if start up time is 0.6 ms. | CO4  | K2              |
| e. Differentiate between Trashing and demand paging.   | CO3  | K1              |

**PART – B****(15 x 4 = 60 Marks)**Answer **ALL** questions

- |   | Marks | CO # | Blooms<br>Level |
|---|-------|------|-----------------|
| 2. a. Explain about PCB.  | 8     | CO1  | K1              |
| b. How process state transition happens? Explain in detail with process state diagram.  | 7     | CO1  | K1              |
| (OR)  |       |      |                 |
| c. Explain in detail with diagram about different types of operating systems  | 10    | CO1  | K1              |
| d. Explain in detail about the<br>(i) Process creation (step by step)<br>(ii) Process termination.  | 5     | CO2  | K1              |
| 3.a. The process with their burst time have been given in the table below. Apply both <b>SJF and FCFS Algorithm</b> and calculate average turnaround time, average waiting time and average first response time. Compare the performance. | 7     | CO2  | K3              |

Process	Burst Time(ms)
P1	15
P2	32
P3	4
P4	10

- |   |   |     |    |
|---|---|-----|----|
| b. The process with their burst time has been given in the table below. Apply <b>Shortest Time Remaining First Algorithm</b> and calculate average turnaround time, average waiting time and average first response time. | 8 | CO2 | K3 |
|---|---|-----|----|

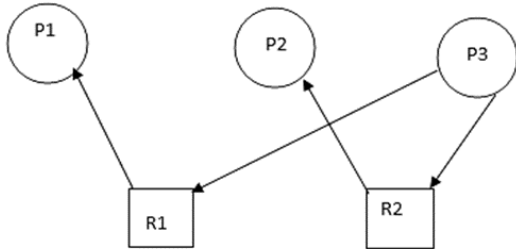
Process	Arrival Time (ms)	Burst Time(ms)
P1	0	5
P2	1	3
P3	2	4
P4	4	1

(OR)

- |   |    |     |    |
|---|----|-----|----|
| c. Provide the concept in detail about the two-process solution for critical section problem. | 8  | CO3 | K2 |
| d. Explain about critical section and the conditions for the critical section.                | 7  | CO3 | K2 |
| 4.a. Explain about Bankers algorithm with proper example.                                     | 10 | CO3 | K3 |
| b. Differentiate between deadlock avoidance and deadlock prevention.                          | 5  | CO3 | K3 |

(OR)

- |   |    |     |    |
|---|----|-----|----|
| c. Explain in detail about Semaphore. How it can be used to solve the critical section problem? | 5  | CO3 | K2 |
| d.  | 10 | CO3 | K1 |



Explain the scenario of the above RAG. When deadlock will be there and when deadlock will be vanished?

- |  |   |     |    |
|--|---|-----|----|
| 5.a. Differentiate between paging and segmentation. Also explain about Fragmentation.              | 8 | CO3 | K2 |
| b. Explain about the disk in detail. Draw its structure and write all its parameters with formula. | 7 | CO4 | K1 |

(OR)

- |  |    |     |    |
|--|----|-----|----|
| c. Explain in detail about file access methods with diagram.                     | 10 | CO4 | K1 |
| d. Differentiate between SCAN and C-SCAN disk scheduling algorithm with diagram. | 5  | CO4 | K1 |

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