

## GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022

B. Tech (Fourth Semester - Regular) Examinations, May - 2024

## 21BECPC24002 - Analog Communication (ECE)

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks)

PART – A		$(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks})$		
Q.1. Answer ALL questions			CO#	Blooms Level
a. ]	Define energy signal and power signal with proper expressions.		CO1	K2
	Define Power Spectral Density.		CO2	K2
c.	Write down the relation between FM & PM.		CO3	K2
<b>d</b> . ]	Define signal to noise ratio.		CO4	K2
e. :	State Carson's rule.		CO3	K2
PART – B		$(15 \times 4 = 60 \text{ Marks})$		
Answ	ver ALL questions	Marks	CO#	Blooms Level
2. a.	Explain need of modulation in communication system.	8	CO3	K2
b.	Derive the total power of conventional AM. (OR)	7	CO3	K2
c.	An amplitude modulated wave is modulated 50%, what is its saving power i carrier as well as one of the side-band are suppressed.	f 7	CO3	K2
d.	How the message signal is detected from DSB-AM signal in envelope detector.	8	CO3	K1
3.a.	Draw the circuit diagram of Ring modulator and explain with its operation?	8	CO3	K2
b.	Explain about the demodular to detect SSB-SC signal. (OR)	7	CO3	K2
c.	Explain the generation of AM signals using square law modulator.	8	CO3	K2
d.	Explain the generation of SSB using phase shift modulator.	7	CO3	K2
4.a.	Derive the expression for the frequency modulated signal. Differentiate between narrow band FM and wide band FM.	n 7	CO4	K1
b.	Explain how Varactor diode can be used for frequency modulation. (OR)	8	CO3	K2
c.	Explain the working of AM Super heterodyne receiver with its block diagram.	8	CO4	K2
d.	Explain the principle of indirect method of generating a wide-band FM signa with a neat lock diagram.	1 7	CO3	K2
5.a.	Derive the noise power at the BPF output.	7	CO4	K2
b.	Comparison of FM and AM.  (OR)	8	CO4	K4
c.	Discuss the various noises present in a communication system and their impacton system.	t 8	CO4	K2
d.	Derive the figure of merit for DSB-SC system.	7	CO4	K2