QPC: RM23BSCN005 AY 22 Reg. No



### GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Sc. (Nursing) (First Semester) Regular Examinations, March' 2024

# **ENGL 101 - Communicative English**

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

# **PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions)**

 $(8 \times 1 = 8 \text{ Marks})$ 

### Q. 1 Answer ALL questions

a.	High	blood	sugar	level:
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(i) Hyperglycemia

(ii) Pulmonology

(iii) Asthma

(iv) Anemia

b. What is the opposite of "Include"?

(i) Indulge

(ii) Active

(iii) Flexible

(iv) Exclude

c. What is the synonym of "Little"?

(i) Tiny

(ii) Draw

(iii) Large

(iv) Create

d. Which sentence uses correct subject-verb agreement?

(i) The dogs barks loudly.

(ii) The dogs bark loudly (iv) The dog barks loudly

(iii) The dog bark loudly.

e. Identify the correct sentence.

(i) The news are interesting.

(ii) The news were interesting

(iii) The news is interesting

(iv) The news be interesting

f. During the "Performance" phase of a presentation, what should the presenter focus on?

(i) Engaging the audience and delivering the

message effectively

(ii) Making last-minute changes to the slides

(iii)Rehearsing the presentation again

(iv) Ignoring audience reactions feedback

Which of the following is an example of written communication? g.

(i )Making a presentation

(ii) Participating in a video conference

(iii) Sending a text message

(iv) Giving a speech

Which of the following is an example of skimming?

(i) Reading every word carefully

(ii) Reading quickly to get the main idea

(iii) Reading to memorize information

(iv) Reading aloud to oneself

#### **PART – B: (Very Short Answer Questions)**

 $(6 \times 2 = 12 \text{ Marks})$ 

### Q.2. Answer ANY SIX questions

- a. Lucubrate Feedback.
- b. What is Encoding?
- c. Briefly describe Discriminative listening.
- d. Define Communication.
- e. Discuss the 4 P's of Presentation.
- f. Define Inferencing.
- Write down the antonyms of the following words:
  - i) Achieve ii) Knowledge

#### Q.3. Answer **ANY FOUR** questions

- a. Discuss Verbal and Nonverbal communication.
- b. Explain the importance of Reading skill for healthcare professionals.
- c. Discuss the Don'ts of Group Discussion.
- d. Write a note on:
  - i) Extensive Reading, ii) Skimming
- e. Provide some tips to improve listening Skill.
- f. Explain the following terms:
  - i) Pulmonology
  - ii) Urology
  - iii) Hematology
  - iv) Anesthesia
  - v) Hyperglycemia

## **PART – D: (Long Answer Questions)**

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

Marks

### Answer ANY ONE question

4.a. Define communication and its types.

10

10

(OR)

### b. Read the passage given below and make notes on it.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is making a difference to how legal work is done, but it isn't

the threat it is made out to be. AI is making impressive progress and shaking up things all over the world today. The assumption that advancements in technology and artificial intelligence will render any profession defunct is just that, an assumption and a false one. The only purpose this assumption serves is creating mass panic and hostility towards embracing technology that is meant to make our lives easier.

Introducing AI to this profession will primarily be for the purpose of automating mundane, tedious tasks that require negligible human intelligence. The kind of artificial intelligence that is employed by industries in the current scene, when extended to the law will enable quicker services at a lower price. AI is meant to automate a number of tasks that take up precious working hours lawyers could be devoted to tasks that require discerning, empathy, and trust- qualities that cannot be replicated by even the most sophisticated form of AI. The legal profession is one of the oldest professions in the world. Thriving over 1000 years; trust, judgement, and diligence are the pillars of this profession. The most important pillar is the relationship of trust between a lawyer and clients, which can only be achieved through human connection and interaction.

While artificial intelligence can be useful in scanning and organizing documents pertaining to a case, it cannot perform higher-level tasks such as sharp decisionmaking, relationship-building with valuable clients and writing legal briefs, advising clients, and appearing in court. These are over and above the realm of computerization. Lawyers are even required to thoroughly know the opposing stand and supporting legal arguments they can expect to prepare a watertight defence strategy. AI, software that operates on natural language enables electronic discovery of information relevant to a case, contract reviews, and automation generation of legal documents.

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