



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR - 765022
B. Sc. (Ag.) (Third Semester) Regular Examinations, January - 2024
EE 213 - Rural Sociology and Educational Psychology

Time: 2 hrs

Maximum : 50 Marks

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

PART - A

Q.1. Fill in the blanks with suitable word / figure.

(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)

- a. Sociology is the science of _____
- b. _____ known as father of sociology.
- c. _____ is a process by which a person becomes changed in his behaviour through self activity.
- d. The I.Q. range of average intelligence is _____.
- e. _____ is the degree to which the group members are involved in group meetings, discussions and group activities.
- f. The book entitled "Introductory Rural Sociology" is written by _____
- g. _____ represents the social structure and the machinery through which human society organises, directs and execute different activities required to satisfy human needs.
- h. _____ is a continuous process in which a person changes his behaviour to produce a more harmonious relationship between himself and his environment.
- i. Father of modern sociology is _____.
- j. The first rural sociological magazine was started in _____.

Q. 2. Define (or) Explain the following in one or two sentences.

(1 x 5 = 5 Marks)

- a. Motivation
- b. Intelligence
- c. Rural Sociology
- d. Social Institution
- e. Competition

Q3. Match the following

(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)

Column - A		Column - B	
(a)	Truce	(i)	Replacing with another
(b)	Customs	(ii)	Movement of heart
(c)	Voluntary	(iii)	90-109
(d)	Genius	(iv)	Celebrating festivals
(e)	Reference group	(v)	Cease hostile activities
(f)	Involuntary	(vi)	Reading Ramayana in the evening form generations
(g)	Gemeinschaft	(vii)	Ogburn
(h)	Normal	(viii)	Speaking
(i)	Tradition	(ix)	Tonnies
(j)	Displacement	(x)	>140

Q4. Write True or False against each statement

(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)

- a. Community is a voluntary group.
- b. Human behaviour is composed of knowledge, skills, attitude and understanding.
- c. The resistance to change by people in a culture is called culture inertia
- d. Introvert type are socially adaptable (adjust to any situation) and interested in people, they go to the extent of scarifying themselves for others.
- e. A Person who adjusts to tough situation and works towards his goals in difficult situation is a motivated and fine personality.
- f. Pavlov had given the theory of trial and error learning.
- g. Skilled trades and scientific appliances come under concrete intelligence.
- h. Perception is included in psychomotor domain.
- i. Actions or reactions of an individual in response to external stimuli are called as behaviour.
- j. The density of population is very less in case of urban areas.

PART – B

Attempt ANY FIVE questions. All question carries equal marks

(6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

- 5. Briefly explain the scope and importance of rural sociology. Write the major differences between rural and urban society.
- 6. Are there any difference between social change and cultural change? Justify. Write on various factors of social change in brief.
- 7. Define personality. Explain the types and factor affecting personality with examples.
- 8. Explain any two
 - i) Behaviour
 - ii) Social groups
 - iii) Rural leadership
- 9. Describe the major institutions in rural society.
- 10. What is social interaction? Explain the various forms of social interaction.

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