



**GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022**  
**M. Sc. (First Semester) Examinations, March – 2023**  
**22MTPC104 – Integral Transformation**  
**(Mathematics)**

Time: 3 hrs.

Maximum: 70 Marks

(The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.)

**PART – A**Answer ALL questions

- |  |   |    |
|--|---|----|
| a. $L\{e^{ax+b}\} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  | 1 | K1 |
| b. $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  | 1 | K2 |
| c. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}$  | 1 | K1 |
| d. Define an odd function with an example.   | 2 | K1 |
| e. Write the Fourier integral formula of a function $f(x)$ .   | 2 | K1 |
| f. If the function $f(x) = x^3 + 10$ is defined in the interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ then find the Fourier series coefficient $a_0$ | 2 | K1 |
| g. Evaluate the Z transforms of $n^2$ .  | 3 | K1 |
| h. Evaluate $Z(5^n)$   | 3 | K1 |
| i. $Z^{-1}(e^z) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  | 3 | K1 |
| j. Define Dirac's delta function (or unit impulse) function.   | 4 | K1 |

**PART – B****(10 x 5 = 50 Marks)**Answer ANY FIVE questions

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|--|---|---|----|
| 2. a. If $L\{f(t)\} = f(s)$ then prove that $L\{f(at)\} = \frac{1}{a}f(\frac{s}{a})$ .   | 5 | 1 | K2 |
| b. Let $f(s)$ denote the Laplace transform of a function $f(t)$ then prove that $L\left\{\frac{f(t)}{t}\right\} = \int_s^\infty f(s)ds$ .                  | 5 | 1 | K2 |
| 3. a. If $L^{-1}\{f(s)\} = f(t)$ then prove that $L^{-1}\{e^{-as}f(s)\} = g(t)$ , Where $g(t) = \begin{cases} f(t-a), & t > a \\ 0, & t < a \end{cases}$ . | 5 | 1 | K2 |
| b. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s}{2s^2-8}$ .  | 5 | 1 | K2 |
| 4. a. Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } -1 < x < 0 \\ -1, & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \end{cases}$                               | 5 | 2 | K3 |
| b. State and proof of the linearity property of the Fourier transform  | 5 | 2 | K2 |
| 5. a. Express $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 < x < \pi \\ 0, & \text{if } x > \pi \end{cases}$ as a Fourier sine integral.                        | 5 | 2 | K3 |
| b. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x^2, & \text{if }  x  < 1 \\ 0, & \text{if }  x  > 1 \end{cases}$                                 | 5 | 2 | K2 |
| 6. a. If $L^{-1}\{f(s)\} = f(t)$ then prove that $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{d^n}{ds^n}f(s)\right\} = (-1)^n t^n f(t)$ .   | 5 | 3 | K2 |
| b. Find the inverse Z Laplace transforms of $\frac{3z}{(z-1)(z+2)}$ .  | 5 | 3 | K2 |
| 7. a. Solve the difference equation $y_{k+2} - y_{k+1} + y_k = 3^k$ with $y_0 = 0, y_1 = 1$ .  | 5 | 3 | K2 |
| b. Evaluate $Z(e^{at} \cos bt)$  | 5 | 3 | K2 |
| 8. a. Evaluate $\int_0^a r J_0(\xi r) dr$  | 5 | 4 | K2 |
| b. Solve $u_{k+2} - 2u_{k+1} + u_k = 3n + 5$ .   | 5 | 4 | K3 |

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