| OP Code: RI | D21MSC071 | |
|-------------|-----------|--|

| Reg. | | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| No | | | | |

AR 21



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

M. Sc. (Third Semester) Examinations, December - 2022

20MTPC302 - Number Theoretic Cryptography

(Mathematics)

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 70 Marks

| | (The figures in the right hand margin mulcate marks.) | |
|----------|---|------------------------------------|
| PART – A | | $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$ |

| Q.1. Answer ALL Questions | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-----|----|--|
| a. | Convert 10 ⁶ to the base 2,7 and 26 | CO1 | K1 | |
| b. | Divide (40122) ₇ by (126) ₇ | CO1 | K1 | |
| c. | Find $\varphi(n)$ for all n from 90 to 95 | CO1 | | |
| d. | Make a table showing all quadratic residues and non-quadratic modulo p for $p=3,5,7,13,17$ | CO2 | K2 | |
| e. | Evaluate the Legendre symbol $\left(\frac{1801}{8191}\right)$ | CO2 | K2 | |
| f. | Find the inverse of the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 15 & 17 \\ 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \mod 26$ | CO2 | K1 | |
| g. | Prove that 2465 is a Carmichael number. | CO3 | K2 | |
| h. | Factor 200819 using Fermat factorization. | CO3 | K2 | |
| i. | Find all bases for which 15 is a pseudo prime. | CO4 | K3 | |
| j. | Find the smallest pseudo prime to the base 5. | CO4 | K3 | |

PART - B (10 x 5 = 50 Marks)

| Answer ANY FIVE questions | | | | Blooms |
|---------------------------|--|---|-----|--------|
| | | | | Level |
| 2. a. | Let p be a prime number. Then show that any integer a not divisible by p satisfies $a^{p-1} \equiv 1 \mod p$ | 5 | CO1 | K2 |
| b. | If a is relatively prime to m then prove that $a^{\varphi(m)} \equiv 1 \mod m$ | 5 | CO1 | K2 |
| 3.a. | Find the smallest positive integer which leaves a remainder of 1 when divided by 11, a remainder of 2 when divided by 12, and a remainder of 3 when divided by 13. | 5 | CO1 | K2 |
| b. | Prove that the Legendre symbol satisfies the following properties. | 5 | CO2 | K2 |

- i) $\left(\frac{a}{p}\right)$ depends only on the residue of modulo p
- ii) $\left(\frac{ab}{p}\right) = \left(\frac{a}{p}\right)\left(\frac{b}{p}\right)$
- iii) For b prime to 'p', $\left(\frac{ab^2}{p}\right) = \left(\frac{a}{p}\right)$

CO2 K3 In the 27- letter alphabet (with blank = 26), use the affine transformation with key 5 a = 13, b = 9 to encipher the message "HELP ME". 5 CO2 K3 Working in the 26-letter alphabet, use $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$ mod 26. Encipher the plain text b. "NOANSWER" CO3 K2 Explain RSA algorithm with an example. 6 5.a. CO3 K2 Prove that a Carmichael number must be product of at least three distinct primes. 4 Factor 29895581 by using Fermat Factorization CO4 K3 10 CO4 K3 Factor 9509 using continued fraction algorithm 10 CO4 **K**3 Factor 1829 by taking $b_i = 42,43,61,74,85,86$ using factor base algorithm. 10

--- End of Paper ---