



GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Tech (Fifth Semester - Regular) Examinations, December - 2022

BECPC5010 - Microprocessors and Microcontrollers

(ECE)

| Time: 3 hrs | | | | | | Maximum: 70 Marks | | |
|-------------|---|--|----------|---|---------|-------------------|--------|--|
| | | | | Questions | | | | |
| PA | RT – A: | The figures in the rig (Multiple Choice Questions) | ht hand | margin indicate marks. | (1 x 10 | 0 = 10 M | [arks] | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Q.1 | 0.1. Answer ALL questions | | | | | [CO#] | [PO#] | |
| a. | • | gram counter in 8085 microprocessor is a | | | | CO1 | PO2 | |
| | (i) | It counts 16 bits at a time | (ii) | There are 16 address lines | | | | |
| | (iii) | It has to fetch two 8-bit data at a time. | (iv) | It facilitates the users storing 1 data temporarily | 6-bit | | | |
| b. | Program | n status word of 8085 microprocessor | has five | e flags. They are | | CO1 | PO3 | |
| | (i) | S, Z, AC, P, CY | (ii) | S, OV, AC, P, CY | | | | |
| | (iii) | S, Z, OV, P, CY | (iv) | S, Z, AC, P, OV | | | | |
| c. | Which is | Which interrupt has the highest priority in 8085 microprocessor? | | | | CO1 | PO1 | |
| | (i) | INTR | (ii) | RST 6.5 | | | | |
| | (iii) | RST 5.5 | (iv) | TRAP | | | | |
| d. | The pin | configuration of 8086 is available in | the | | | CO2 | PO2 | |
| | (i) | 40 pin | (ii) | 14 pin | | | | |
| | (iii) | 24 pin | (iv) | 20 Pin | | | | |
| e. | The size | e of the instruction queue in the 8086 | is | | | CO2 | PO3 | |
| | (i) | 2 Bytes | (ii) | 64 Bytes | | | | |
| | (iii) | 6 Bytes | (iv) | 1MB | | | | |
| f. | In a 8086 microprocessor, after each execution of the PUSH instruction the stack pointer is | | | | | CO2 | PO2 | |
| | (i) | incremented by 1 | (ii) | decremented by 1 | | | | |
| | (iii) | incremented by 2 | (iv) | decremented by 2 | | | | |
| g. | How many pins does the 8255 PPI IC contains? | | | | | CO3 | PO1 | |
| | (i) | 40 | (ii) | 32 | | | | |
| | (iii) | 20 | (iv) | 24 | | | | |
| h. | DMA stands for | | | | | CO3 | PO3 | |
| | (i) | Direct memory access | (ii) | Direct memory allocation | | | | |
| | (iii) | Data memory access | (iv) | Data memory allocation | | | | |
| i. | Which r | egister contains all the flags of the 8051? | | | | CO4 | PO1 | |
| | (i) | A | (ii) | SP | | | | |
| | (iii) | PSW | (iv) | PC | | | | |
| j. | The 8081 microcontroller I/O port that does not have a dual-purpose role is: | | | | | CO4 | PO4 | |
| | (i) | Port-0 | (ii) | Port-1 | | | | |
| | (iii) | Port-2 | (iv) | Port-3 | | | | |

| PART – B: (Short Answer Questions) | (2 x 10 | 2 x 10 = 20 Marks) | | |
|--|---------|--------------------|-------|--|
| Q.2. Answer <i>ALL</i> questions | | [CO#] | [PO#] | |
| a. What is Stack Pointer? | | CO1 | PO2 | |
| b. What the function of S0 and S1 signal in 8085 microprocessor? | | CO1 | PO1 | |
| c. What is the significance of word length of a microprocessor? | | CO2 | PO3 | |
| d. What is the status of PSW in 8085 microprocessor after the operation SUB considering the value present at accumulator=96H and at register B=24H before operation? | • | CO2 | PO4 | |
| e. How much memory, in terms of bits, can be interfaced with the 8086 | | CO1 | PO1 | |
| Find out the physical address by considering the segment address as 3000H and offs address as 1001H. | | CO3 | PO1 | |
| g. What is the maximum memory size of segments in 8086 microprocessor? | | CO4 | PO2 | |
| h. What is handshake port? | | CO4 | PO3 | |
| i. What the significance of bit addressable RAM? | | CO2 | PO3 | |
| j. What is the difference between SJMP and LJMP? | | CO2 | PO2 | |
| PART – C: (Long Answer Questions) (10 x 4 | | | | |
| Answer ALL questions | Marks | [CO#] | [PO#] | |
| 3. a. Write an assembly language program to mask off the lower nibble of a 8-bit hexadecimal number using 8085 microprocessor. | 5 | CO1 | PO2 | |
| b. Explain the architecture of 8085 microprocessor with suitable diagram? (OR) | 5 | CO1 | PO3 | |
| c. What is meant by priority of interrupts and explain the interrupts of 8085 microprocessor? | 5 | CO1 | PO4 | |
| d. Explain the following instructions of 8085 microprocessor with suitable examples: HLT (ii) LHLD (iii) LXI (iv) CMA | 5 | CO1 | PO1 | |
| 4. a. Describe the features of 8086 microprocessor? | 5 | CO2 | PO2 | |
| b. Explain the function of different flags in the 8086 microprocessor with suitable diagram. | 5 | CO2 | PO3 | |
| (OR) | | | | |
| c. What is pipelining? | 2 | CO2 | PO4 | |
| d. Explain the minimum mode configuration of 8086 microprocessor with suitable diagram? | 8 | CO2 | PO1 | |
| 5. a. Explain any one of the modes of 8255 in detail? | 5 | CO3 | PO2 | |
| b. Draw the block diagram of 8279 and explain it. (OR) | 5 | CO3 | PO3 | |
| c. What the function of NMI signal? | 2 | CO3 | PO4 | |
| d. How the microcontroller is different from microprocessor justify? | 8 | CO3 | PO1 | |
| 6. a. Describe the arithmetic instructions of 8051 microcontroller with suitable examples? | 5 | CO4 | PO2 | |
| b. Explain the block diagram of 8051 microcontroller with suitable diagram? (OR) | 5 | CO4 | PO3 | |
| c. Explain the internal memory organisation of 8051 microcontroller? | 5 | CO4 | PO4 | |
| d. What is addressing mode and explain the various addressing modes available in the 8051 microcontroller? | 5 | CO4 | PO1 | |
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