QPC: RD20BTECH411

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Reg. No





GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Tech (Fifth Semester - Regular) Examinations, December - 2022

BPCBT5020 - Immunology & Immunotechnology

(Biotechnology)

Time: 3 hrs Maximum: 70 Marks **Answer ALL Questions** The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. **PART – A:** (Multiple Choice Questions) $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ Q.1. Answer **ALL** questions [CO#] [PO#] CO₁ PO₁ a. What is the life span of the memory B-cells of the immune system? (i) A few hours (ii) A few days CO₁ PO₁ (iii) A few years (iv) A few years to whole life b. Which of the following substances will not stimulate an immune response unless they are bound to a larger molecule? (ii) Hapten (i) Antigen (iii) Carrier (iv) Virus CO₁ PO₂ c. Which of the following immune cells/molecules are most effective at destroying intracellular pathogens? (ii) T helper cell (i) T cytolytic cells (iii) B cell (iv) NK cell CO₂ PO4 d. B-cells and T-cells are two types of cells involved in (i) Innate Immunity (ii) Active immunity (iii) Passive immunity (iv) Acquired immunity CO₂ PO₆ e. Which of the following is the central molecule in complement pathway (i) C1 (ii) C2b (iii) C3b (iv) C5 CO₂ PO4 f. Helper T cells assist in the functions of (i) B cells (ii) T cells (iii) B cells and T cells (iv) None of the above CO₃ PO₄ Which of the following is an immunosuppressant drug? (i) Antihistamine (ii) Cyclosporin (iii) Neomycin (iv) Streptokinase The inappropriate response of immune system towards a relatively harmless antigen CO₃ PO₆ causing harm to the host is referred as (i) Auto-immune diseases (ii) Hypersensitivity (iv) Tolerance (iii) Immunodeficiency CO₄ PO4 i. Which of the following is introduced during smallpox vaccination? (i) Antigens (ii) Attenuated vaccine (iii) Live Vaccine (iv) Adjuvant CO₂ PO₆ In agglutination reactions, the antigen is a...... and in precipitation reactions, the antigen is a..... (i) Bacterium/virus (ii) Protein/Antibody (iii) Whole cell/soluble molecule (iv) Soluble molecule/whole cell

PART – B: (Short Answer Questions)			$(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks})$		
Q.2. Answer ALL questions			[CO#]	[PO#]	
a.	How would your body deals with the foreign pathogenic microorganism?		CO1	PO1	
b.	Which immunity provides specific immunity and how?		CO1	PO2	
c.	Differentiate between primary and secondary immune response.		CO2	PO4	
d.	Endocytic pathway of antigen processing is essential for which type of antigen name the cells involved?	s and	CO2	PO4	
e.	Differentiate between monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies.		CO2	PO6	
f.	Name two systemic auto immune diseases in human?		CO3	PO4	
g.	What do you mean by host versus graft rejection?		CO3	PO4	
h.	What is anaphylactic reaction?		CO3	PO5	
i.	How antigen-antibody reaction principle is useful in blood grouping?		CO4	PO6	
j.	What is killed vaccine? Give an example		CO4	PO4	
PART – C: (Long Answer Questions) (1			$(10 \times 4 = 40 \text{ Marks})$		
Answer ALL questions		Marks	[CO#]	[PO#]	
3. 8	•	5	CO1	PO1	
	 Describe the principle mechanism of acquired immunity. 	5	CO1	PO2	
Ì	(OR)	J			
(e. Define lymphoid organs? Explain the structure and function of both lymph node and spleen.	2+8	CO1	PO2	
4. a	a. Give a note structure and function of MHC-I?	5	CO2	PO2	
ł	b. Explain the cytosolic pathway of antigen processing and presentation?	5	CO2	PO4	
	(OR)				
(e. What is hybridoma technology? Describe the principle and steps involved in production of monoclonal antibodies.	2+8	CO2	PO4	
5. a	a. Give a note on immune tolerance?	5	CO3	PO5	
ł	o. Discuss various types of transplantations with implications.	5	CO3	PO5	
	(OR)				
(e. What is hypersensitivity reaction? Explain Gell and Coombs classification of hypersensitivity reaction.	2+8	CO3	PO4	
6. a	a. Give a detailed note on lymhokines?	5	CO4	PO4	
ł	e. Explain the principle of sandwich ELISA with its applications?	5	CO4	PO6	
	(OR)				
(c. What do you mean by immunization? Give a detailed account on types of vaccines with examples.	2+8	CO4	PO4	