QP Code: RM17001079	Reg.						AR 17
	No						



GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Tech Degree Examinations, December - 2020

(Eighth Semester)

BEIPE8011 / BECPE8011 - SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS

(AEI and ECE)

Time: 2 Hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

		The figures in the righ	t hand n	nargin indicate marks.		
PA	RT – A: (M	Aultiple Choice Questions)		(1 x	10 = 10 N	Marks)
Q.1.	Answer Al	LL questions			[CO#]	[PO#]
a.	Frequency	allocation was governed by			[CO1]	PO 1
	(i)	UTI	(ii)	TIU		
	(iii)	IUT	(iv)	ITU		
b.	One of the	e following is an important transform	nation ne	eeded for inclined orbit	[CO1]	PO 1
	(i)	Satellite Position	(ii)	Satellite height		
	(iii)	Satellite cost	(iv)	Satellite launching country		
c.	Kepler's I	law states that	, ,	Ç ,	[CO1]	PO 1
	(i)	The path followed by a satellite around the primary will be an ellipse	(ii)	The path followed by a satellite around the primary will be an circle	. ,	
	(iii)	The path followed by a satellite around the primary will be an sphere	(iv)	The path followed by a satellite around the primary will be an square		
d.	With refer	rence to satellite communication, the	anti jan	nming technique preferred is,	[CO2]	PO 1
	(i)	Key leverage	(ii)	Frequency hopping		
	(iii)	Once-only key	(iv)	Frequency spectrum modulation		
e.	PCM syste	em is used in satellite communication	on for the	e transmission of	[CO2]	PO 1
	(i)	TV signal	(ii)	Telegraph signal		
	(iii)	Speech signal	(iv)	Noise signal		
f.	What happ	pens to the satellite signals as the de	nsity of	the ionosphere is high	[CO3]	PO 1
	(i)	Velocity increases	(ii)	Velocity decreases		
	(iii)	Signal strength increases	(iv)	Frequency reduces		
g.	Which of	the following is true with respect to	ionosph	eric scintillation effects	[CO3]	PO 1
	(i)	Signal fading	(ii)	Occurs at the equatorial and polar regions		
	(iii)	Occurs mostly at day	(iv)	Occurs when high solar activity is present		
h.	TV signal	can be routed to the earth station vi	a		[CO3]	PO 1
	(i)	Low power transmitter	(ii)	Microwave links		
	(iii)	TV relay stations	(iv)	Microwave repeater stations		
i.	A satellite	earth station has			[CO4]	PO 1
	(i)	Receiver and transmitter facility	(ii)	Diplexer		
	(iii)	Attenuator	(iv)	Duplexer		
j.	Primary co	omponent of uplink section of satell	ite is		[CO4]	PO 1

	(1)	Tunstoffici	(11)	Transistor			
	(iii)	Earth station transmitter	(iv)	Power station transmi	tter		
	PART – B	3: (Short Answer Questions)			$(2 \times 5 =$	10 Marl	ks)
Q.2.	Answer Al	LL questions				[CO#]	[PO#]
a.	What is an	Orbit?				[CO1]	PO 1
b.	What is the	e need for using helical antenna?				[CO1]	PO 1
c.	What is the	e importance of guard time?				[CO2]	PO 1
d.	What is the	e function of earth station?				[CO3]	PO 1
e.	How the g	round station location is governed	1?			[CO4]	PO 1
PART – C: (Long Answer Questions)				$(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$			
Ans	wer ANY F	TIVE questions			Marks	[CO#]	[PO#]
<u>Ans</u>		TIVE questions n detail about attitude control and	orbit co	ontrol.	Marks (6)	[CO#]	[PO#] PO 1
	Discuss in	-					_
3.	Discuss in Describe design.	n detail about attitude control and	and do	wnlink analysis and	(6)	[CO1]	PO 1
3. 4.	Discuss in Describe design. State som	n detail about attitude control and in detail about satellite uplink	and do	wnlink analysis and	(6)(6)	[CO1]	PO 1 PO 1
3. 4. 5.	Discuss in Describe design. State som	in detail about attitude control and in detail about satellite uplink ne of the applications of satellite and	and do	wnlink analysis and	(6)(6)(6)	[CO1] [CO1] [CO2]	PO 1 PO 1
3.4.5.6.	Discuss in Describe design. State som Discuss in Describe	in detail about attitude control and in detail about satellite uplink ne of the applications of satellite and detail about VSAT with neat ske	and do nd expl etch.	wnlink analysis and	(6)(6)(6)(6)	[CO1] [CO2] [CO2]	PO 1 PO 1 PO 1
3.4.5.6.7.	Discuss in Describe design. State som Discuss in Describe Explain a	in detail about attitude control and in detail about satellite uplink ne of the applications of satellite and detail about VSAT with neat ske about ionospheric effects in detail	and do nd expl etch.	wnlink analysis and	(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)	[CO1] [CO2] [CO2] [CO3]	PO 1 PO 1 PO 1 PO 1

(ii)

Transistor

(i)

Transformer

--- End of Paper ---