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# GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Tech Degree Examinations, November – 2021

(Seventh Semester)

BEIPE7020 / BBTOE7050 – BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION

(AEIE & BT)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

## PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions)

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)

Q1. Answer ALL questions.

[CO#] [PO#]

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                       |                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <p>a. Movement of the chest wall in accordance with respiratory activity gives rise to</p> <p>i) bio-acoustic signal</p> <p>iii) bio-mechanical signal</p>                                                        | <p>ii) bio-electric signal</p> <p>iv) bio-optical signal</p>                          | <p>[CO1]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>b. The value of resting potential is</p> <p>i) 20 mV</p> <p>iii) -90 mV</p>                                                                                                                                    | <p>ii) 0.2 mV</p> <p>iv) -60 mV</p>                                                   | <p>[CO1]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>c. Use of pad electrode is in</p> <p>i) ECG</p> <p>iii) EMG</p>                                                                                                                                                | <p>ii) EEG</p> <p>iv) PCG</p>                                                         | <p>[CO1]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>d. The degree of agreement within a group of observation is called as</p> <p>i) Accuracy</p> <p>iii) Precision</p>                                                                                             | <p>ii) Error</p> <p>iv) Resolution</p>                                                | <p>[CO2]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>e. The linear potentiometer is an example of</p> <p>i) Zero-order system</p> <p>iii) Second-order system</p>                                                                                                   | <p>ii) First-order system</p> <p>iv) Higher-order system</p>                          | <p>[CO2]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>f. _____ is an analytical device for detecting any chemical constituent that combines a biological component with a physio-chemical detector component.</p> <p>i) Smart sensor</p> <p>iii) Microcontroller</p> | <p>ii) Biosensor</p> <p>iv) None of the above</p>                                     | <p>[CO2]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>g. In _____, the amplifier boosts the level of input signal to match with the range of A/D converter.</p> <p>i) Signal amplification</p> <p>iii) Filtering</p>                                                 | <p>ii) Frequency response</p> <p>iv) Isolation</p>                                    | <p>[CO3]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>h. _____ is used to reduce the amplitude of artefact and count the artefacts as beats.</p> <p>i) Low pass filter</p> <p>iii) QRS matched filter</p>                                                            | <p>ii) High pass filter</p> <p>iv) Slew rate limit average</p>                        | <p>[CO3]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>i. Respiration rate is measured by</p> <p>i) Rheo-graphic method</p> <p>iii) CO<sub>2</sub> method</p>                                                                                                         | <p>ii) Oscillometric measurement method</p> <p>iv) Doppler shift method</p>           | <p>[CO3]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
| <p>j. The current flowing through the body of the subject results in</p> <p>i) Gross shock</p> <p>iii) Both gross shock and micro-current shock</p>                                                               | <p>ii) Micro-current shock</p> <p>iv) Neither gross shock and micro-current shock</p> | <p>[CO4]</p> <p>[PO6]</p> |

## PART – B: (Short Answer Questions)

(2 × 10 = 20 Marks)

Q2. Answer ALL questions.

[CO#] [PO#]

- |                                                                                                    |                           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| <p>a. Write few parameters which are being measured using a biomedical instrumentation system.</p> | <p>[CO1]</p> <p>[PO1]</p> |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|

- |    |                                                                                                                                                  |       |       |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| b. | Mention two important factors, which determine the design of a medical measurement instrument.                                                   | [CO4] | [PO6] |
| c. | What is the purpose of using electrodes in biomedical instrumentation?                                                                           | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| d. | Write few advantages of using floating electrodes.                                                                                               | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| e. | List important factors that decide the choice of a particular transducer to be used for the measurement of a specific parameter of a phenomenon. | [CO2] | [PO1] |
| f. | List names of commonly employed pressure transducers used in biomedical instrumentation.                                                         | [CO2] | [PO3] |
| g. | Suggest methods for providing protection against leakage currents.                                                                               | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| h. | Write a few important biomedical usefulness of Patient Monitoring System.                                                                        | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| i. | List various types of Electromagnetic Blood Flowmeter.                                                                                           | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| j. | Define Gross Shock and Micro-Current Shock.                                                                                                      | [CO4] | [PO6] |

**PART – C: (Long Answer Questions)**

**(15 × 4 = 60 Marks)**

Answer ALL questions.

- |       | Marks | [CO#] | [PO#] |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 3. a. | 8     | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| b.    | 7     | [CO4] | [PO6] |
| (OR)  |       |       |       |
| c.    | 8     | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| d.    | 7     | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| 4. a. | 8     | [CO2] | [PO3] |
| b.    | 7     | [CO2] | [PO3] |
| (OR)  |       |       |       |
| c.    | 8     | [CO3] | [PO1] |
| d.    | 7     | [CO3] | [PO1] |
| 5. a. | 8     | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| b.    | 7     | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| (OR)  |       |       |       |
| c.    | 8     | [CO2] | [PO1] |
| d.    | 7     | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| 6. a. | 8     | [CO3] | [PO3] |
| b.    | 7     | [CO4] | [PO6] |
| (OR)  |       |       |       |
| c.    | 8     | [CO1] | [PO1] |
| d.    | 7     | [CO1] | [PO1] |

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