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QPC: RJ18001161

GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022 B. Tech Degree Examinations, June – 2021 (Girth Compater)

(Sixth Semester)

BELPC6040 / BEEPC6040 - SWITCH GEAR & PROTECTION

(Common to EE and EEE)

Time: 2 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

	PART – A: (Multiple Choice Question	s)	$(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ M})$	Iarks)
Q.1	Answer ALL questions		[CO#]	[PO#]
a.	On which of the following routine te	ests are conducted?	[CO 1]	[PO 1]
	(i) Oil circuit breakers	(ii) Air blast circuit breakers		
	(iii) Minimum oil circuit breakers	(iv) All of the above		
b.	Arc in a circuit behaves as?		[CO 1]	[PO 1]
	(i) a capacitive reactance	(ii) an inductive reactance		
	(iii) a resistance increasing with	(iv) a resistance decreasing with	h	
	voltage rise across the arc	voltage rise across the arc		
c.	Circuit breakers usually operate und	er	[CO 1]	[PO 1]
	(i) transient state of short-circuit	(ii) sub-transient state of shor	t-	
	current	circuit current		
	(iii) steady state of short-circuit	(iv) after D.C. component has	iS	
	current	ceased		
d.	relays are used for phase faults	_	[CO 2]	[PO 1]
	(i) Impedance	(ii) Reactance		
	(iii) Either of the above	(iv) None of the above		
e.	The pilot relay is provided to obtain		[CO 2]	[PO 1]
	(i) high speed tripping	(ii) delayed tripping		
	(iii) preset tripping	(iv) none of the above		
f.	Induction cup relay is operated due t	_	[CO 2]	[PO 1]
	(i) Current	(ii) Voltage		
	(iii) Impedance	(iv) All of the above	500.01	FDO 43
g.	Large internal faults are protected by		[CO 3]	[PO 1]
		(ii) mho and ohm relays		
	differential protection			
	(iii) horn gaps and temperature	_	e	
h	relays	sequence relays	[CO 3]	[DO 1]
h.	Buchholz relay cannot be used on (i) three phase transformers	(ii) air cooled transformers	[CO 3]	[PO 1]
	(iii) 500 kV transformers	(iv) 1000 kV transformers		
i.	Ungrounded neutral transmission sy		[CO 4]	[PO 1]
1.	•	(ii) Insulation overstress may lea		[101]
	due to over voltages	to failure and subsequent phas		
	due to over voltages	to phase faults		
	(iii) Being inadequately protected	-		
	against ground fault			
j.	Basically a lightning arrester is a		[CO 4]	[PO 1]

	(11)54126 40551041							
PART – B: (Short Answer Questions)			$(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks})$					
<u>Q</u> .	2. Answer ALL questions	[CC)#] [F	[PO#]				
a. What is resistance switching?) 1] [P	O 1]				
b	What is the phenomenon of arc formation in a circuit breaker?	[CC) 1] [P	O 1]				
c	. What is the need of static relays protection?	[CC	[P	O 1]				
d	d. Enumerate the various types of protections used in an alternator			O 1]				
e	e. What is system grounding?			O 1]				
	PART – C: (Long Answer Questions)	$(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$						
Answe	r ANY FIVE questions	Marks	[CO#]	[PO#]				
3.	A 50 cycles, 3 phase alternator with grounded neutral has inductance of 1.6 mH per phase and is connected to a bus bar through a circuit breaker. The capacitance to earth between the alternator and circuit breaker is $0.003\mu\text{F}$ per phase. The circuit breaker opens when RMS value of current 7500A. Determine the following:	(6)	[CO 1]	[PO 2]				
	 i. Maximum rate of rise of restriking voltage ii. Time for maximum rate of rise of restriking voltage iii. Frequency of oscillations 							
	Neglect first pole to clear factor.							
4.	Explain the working of vacuum circuit breaker and mention its applications.	(6)	[CO 1]	[PO 1]				
5.	Draw a neat sketch of an induction type over current relay (non-directional) and discuss its operating principle.	(6)	[CO 2]	[PO 1]				
6.	Explain the working of differential relays.	(6)	[CO 2]	[PO 1]				
7.	List the various faults that occur in the rotor of an alternator and how the rotor is to be protected from these faults?	(6)	[CO 3]	[PO 1]				
8.	A star-connected, 3-phase, 10 MVA, 6.6 kV alternator is protected by circulating current protection, the star point being earthed via a resistance r. Estimate the value of earthing resistor if 85% of the stator winding is protected against earth faults. Assume an earth fault setting of 20%. Neglect the impedance of the alternator winding.	(6)	[CO 3]	[PO 2]				
9.	Discuss the internal and external causes of over voltages in a power system.	(6)	[CO 4]	[PO 1]				
10.	Describe the construction, principle of operation and advantages of expulsion type lightning arrester?	(6)	[CO 4]	[PO 1]				
End of Paper								

(ii) surge alternator

(iv)surge absorber

(i) surge diverter

(iii)surge reflector