QPC: RJ18001157 AR - 18 Reg. No.



## GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Tech Degree Examinations, June – 2021

(Sixth Semester)

# BCEPE6040 - WATER SUPPLY AND SANITARY ENGINEERING

(Civil Engineering)

Time: 2 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

### **Answer ALL Questions**

#### The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

#### PART – A: (Multiple Choice Ouestions)

 $(1 \times 10 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

PAR	x 10 = 10	10 = 10 Marks)				
Q.1.	Answe	er ALL questions			[CO#]	[PO#]
a.	The p	1	1			
		may combine with ammonia io				
	(i)	Mono-chloramine (NHCl)	(ii)	Di-chloramine (NH <sub>2</sub> Cl)		
	(iii)	Nitrogen tri-chloramine (NCl <sub>3</sub> )	(iv)	All the above		
b.	Recup	1	1			
	(i)	Turbidity of water	(ii)	pH value of water		
	(iii)	Yield of well	(iv)	Discharge from a well		
c.	A centrifugal pump is required to be primed before starting if it is located					1
	(i)	At higher level than water	(ii)	At lower level than water		
		level of reservoir		level of reservoir		
	(iii)	Both (a) and (b)	(iv)	Neither (a) nor (b)		
d.	The rate of silting in a reservoir					1
	(i)	is less in the beginning	(ii)	remains constant throughout		
	(iii)	is more in the beginning	(v)	is more in the beginning and reduces in the end		
e.	For o	determining the velocity of flocommonly used non empirical		underground water, the most	2	1
	(i)	Darcy's formula	(ii)	Slichter's formula		
	(iii)	Hazen's formula	(iv)	Lacy's formula		
f.	Aerat	Aeration of water is done to remove				
	(i)	Odour	(ii)	Colour		
	(iii)	Bacterias	(iv)	Turbidity		
g.	The sewer pipes					1
	(i)	carry sewage as gravity conduits	(ii)	are designed for generating self-cleansing velocities at		
	(iii)	should resist the wear and	(v)	different discharge all the above		
	tear caused due to abrasion					
h.	Cement concrete sewers are only suitable if non-scouring velocity is between					1
	(i)	2.5 to 3.0 m/sec	(ii)	3.0 to 4.0 m/sec		
	(iii)	3.5 to 4.5 m/sec	(iv)	4.5 to 5.5 m/sec		
i.	For the COD test of sewage, organic matter is oxidized by K2Cr2O7 in the presence of					1
	(i)	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	(ii)	HNO <sub>3</sub>		

	(iii)	HCl		(iv)	none of these					
j.	The a	mount of oxygen con	sumed by	the aer	obic bacterias which ca	use the	4	1		
	aerobic biological decomposition of sewage, is known									
	(i)	bio-Chemical	Oxygen	(ii)	dissolved Oxygen (D.C	<b>)</b> .)				
		Demand (B.O.D.)								
	(iii)	chemical Oxygen	Demand	(iv)	none of these					
		(C.O.D.)								
PART – B: (Short Answer Questions) (2							$x \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks}$			
<u>Q.2</u>	2. Ansv	ver ALL questions					[CO#	[PO#]		
a.	What water	_	erning the	selecti	on of a particular sour	ce of	1	1		
b.	What	is turbidity?					1	1		
c.	Defin	ne ion exchange.					2	1		
d.	What	is peak drainage dist	urbance?				3	1		
e.	What	are the factors affect	ing sludge	digestic	on and their control?		4	1		
PART – C: (Long Answer Questions) (6								$(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$		
								ŕ		
Ansv	wer AN	Y FIVE questions				Mark	s [CO#	] [PO#]		
3.		are the different met f the method with exa		recastii	ng water demand? Deta	il (6)	1	1		
4.	Write	location and working	g of followi	ng wat	er supply system:	(6)	1	1		
	` '	Elbow								
	•	i) Plug ii)Sluice valve								
	•	v)Air release valve								
5.	What	are the types of se	dimentatio	n tank	and explain any one i	in (6)	2	1		
		detail.			r v y	(-)				
6.	Expla	in zeolite process of r	emoving h	ardness	s.	(6)	2	1		
7.	Expl	ain the methods ava	ilable and	limitat	ions of land disposal o	of (6)	3	1		
	sewag	ge.								
8.	Expla	in Primary, secondary	and tertia	ry treat	ment of wastewater.	(6)	3	1		
9.		ry contactor. In wh	-	-	peration of a biological peration of a biological per to a trickling filter		4	1		
10.	Expla	in the different techni	ques for w	aste wa	ter reclamation.	(6)	4	1		