AR- 19

Reg. No

Maximum: 50 Marks

GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

B. Sc (Ag) (Fourth Semester) Examinations, June' 2021

AG(E)-221 WATER MANAGEMENT AND MICRO IRRIGATION

Time: 2 hrs

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.
<u> PART – A</u>

Q.1	. Fill in the blanks with suitable word / figure	•		(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)				
a.	Dielectric constant of soil water can be measur							
b.								
c.	IRBM refers to							
d.	The soil samples are dried in oven at temperature.							
e.	Most suitable method of irrigation for fruit trees is							
f.								
g.	Intermittent supply of water is known as irrigation.							
h.								
i.								
ı. j.								
J.	The depth to sub-surface drams usually varies		ciii					
-	2. Define (or) Explain the following in one or the following in one or the following in one or the fine soil water potential.	two senter	ices.	(1 x 5 = 5 Marks)				
b. W	hat are the practices for managing proper soil s	tructure?						
c. D	efine latent heat flux.							
d. W	hat are the components that increase the value	of CU over	r ET?					
	That are the parameters in the design of furrow in							
Q3.	Choose the most appropriate answer from t	he followi	ng	(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)				
a.	Sulphuric acid method for soil moisture determination is based on which principle?							
	(i) Temperature rise of soil	(ii)	BD of the soil					
	(iii) Particle density of the soil	(iv)	Porosity of soil					
b.	What is the average resistance measured at field capacity by resistance blocks?							
	(i) $400 - 600$ ohms	(ii)	30000 - 35000 ohms					
	(iii) 60000 – 70000 ohms	(iv)	> 70000 ohms					
c.	The Parshall flume flow is considered free flow if it has the ratio of H_b/H_a							
	(i) <0.5	(ii)	>0.5					
	(iii) <0.75	(iv)	>0.75					
d	Sprinkler irrigation method is also known as							
	(i) Sub irrigation	(ii)	Overhead irrigation					
	(iii) Trickle irrigation	(iv)	All of the above					
e.	Which of the following irrigation method is suitable	for uneven	and undulating field?					

(i) Border strip (ii) Contour border

	(iii)	Wild flooding	(iv)	Straight border		
f	Which of the following instrument is used to measure the soil tension?					
	(i)	Tensiometers	(ii)	Gypsum blocks		
	(iii)	Neutron meters	(iv)	All of the above		
g	g Which of the most suitable irrigation method is followed in wheat?					
	(i)	Check	(ii)	Border strip		
	(iii)	Sprinkler	(iv)	Surge		
h	Which of the following crop has the highest WUE?					
	(i)	Wheat	(ii)	Sorghum		
	(iii)	Finger millet	(iv)	Rice		
i	i What is the critical level of boron in irrigation water?					
	(i)	2 ppm	(ii)	4 ppm		
	(iii)	6 ppm	(iv)	>6 ppm		
j	Which of the following material is used most for construction of sub surface drainage structures?					
	(i)	PVC	(ii)	Wood		
	(iii)	Brick/ stone	(iv)	Fly ash		

Q4. Write True or False against each statement

- a. The Cipoletti weir could either be of the suppressed type or contracted type.
- b. The V-notch weir has both the sides sharp, bevelled from the downstream side only.
- c. Field capacity is the upper limit of available moisture range in soil and plant relationship.
- d. The finer the texture of the mineral soil particles, the greater is likely its capillary capacity.
- e. The irrigation requirement of sorghum is low when grown in sandy soils, as compared to clay loam soils.
- f. The pan coefficient increases with the increase in relative humidity.
- g. Corrugation irrigation is recommended on saline soils or when the irrigation water has a high salt content.
- h. In pressurized irrigation systems the fertilizer injection unit is located between the sand filter and the screen filter.
- i. Plant response to irrigation is better in drip irrigation as compared to other methods of irrigation.
- j. Anhydrous ammonia and aqua-ammonia are ideally suitable for use in fertigation.

PART – B

Attempt ANY FIVE questions. All question carries equal marks

- 5. Define different types of furrow irrigation systems and their advantages and disadvantages.
- 6. Describe the different bases of scheduling irrigation in wheat and chickpea.
- 7. Describe the principle of tensiometer. Discuss briefly its advantages and disadvantages.
- 8. Define integrated water resource management. Also discuss its principles.
- 9. Justify that the sprinkler irrigation is a boon for dry land agriculture.
- 10. Classify the irrigation water based on RSC, SAR and pH values.

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(6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

(0.5 x 10 = 5 Marks)