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GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022

AR - 19

B. Sc (AG) (First Semester) Examinations, June -2021

BB-111 – Introductory Biology

Time: 2 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

PART - A

	<u>Q.1</u>	. Fill in the blanks with suitable wor	d / figure.	$(0.5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks})$				
	a. b.	had given the theory o	• •	al selection?				
	c.	The theory of origin of life on earth is	s proposed by					
	d.	The process by which new species de						
	e.	The naming of the organism in scient						
	f.	Considering binomial nomenclature, the parts of scientific names are and						
	g.	The longest stage in the cell cycle is _						
	h.	are the non-essential parts						
	i.	Four long and two short stamens are found in						
	j.	Radial symmetry is found in the flowers of						
Q. :	2. Def	fine (or) Explain the following in one	or two sentences.	$(1 \times 5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$				
a. (Classit	fication						
b. N	Aitosis	s						
c. N	I eiosi	s						
d. I	nterph	nase						
e. R	Coot							
Q3.	Cho	ose the most appropriate answer fro	m the following	$0.5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks}$				
a.	The b	pest stage at which the total number of	chromosomes can be counted i	n any species is				
	(i) T	Celophase	(ii) Metaphase					
	(iii)L	ate anaphase	(iv) Late prophase					
b. This structure tends to vanish always during meiosis and mitosis								
	(i) P	Plastids	(ii) Plasma membrane					
	(iii) N	Nucleolus and nuclear membrane	(iv)All of these					
c.	Centr	rosome duplication takes place in this p	phase					
	(i) S	phase	(ii) G1 phase					
	(iii) C	GO phase	(iv) M phase					
d.	Leave	es become modified into spines in						
		puntia	(ii) Onion					
	, ,	ilk cotton	(iv)Pea					
e.	Geoc	arpic fruits are formed in						

(i) Onion (ii) Carrot

(iii) Groundnut (iv) Watermelon

f Testa of seed develops from

(i) Hilum (ii) Funicle

(iii) Ovary wall (iv) Outer integument

g An enzyme which can stimulate the germination of barley seeds is

(i)Invertase (ii) Lipase

(iii) Protease (iv) α -amylase

During the germination of seeds, the seed coat ruptures due to

(i) massive imbibition of water (ii) differentiation of cotyledons

(iii) a sudden increase in cell division (iv) massive glycolysis in cotyledons and endosperm

i The proteinaceous part of maize endosperm is

(i) Peripheral layer (ii) scutellum

(iii)Apophysis (iv)Aleurone layer

j One of these gases is required for the germination of pea seeds(i) nitrogen(ii) oxygen

(iii) water vapours (iv) hydrogen

Q4. Write True or False against each statement

 $(0.5 \times 10 = 5 \text{ Marks})$

- a. Seed dormancy allows the plants to overcome unfavourable climatic conditions
- b. The protective covering over radical during the germination of seeds is Coleorhiza
- c. ABA can induce seed dormancy
- d. An albuminous seed showing hypogeal germination is Mazie
- e. Vexillum is found in Papilionaceae
- f. When there is an increase in the condensation of chromatin during the process of cell division Differentiation of euchromatin& heterochromatin increases
- g. Individual chromosomes become distinct through a light microscope during this mitotic stage Prophase
- h. Prophase condition is necessary for a cell to qualify through the G2 checkpoint
- i. The characteristic of anaphase of mitosis is the separation of the sister chromatids
- j. The best stage at which the total number of chromosomes can be counted in any species is Meataphase

PART - B

Attempt <u>ANY FIVE</u> questions. All question carries equal marks $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 5. Write about origin of life
- 6. Describe evolution and eugenics
- 7. Write about classification
- 8. Explain mitosis
- 9. Explain meiosis
- 10. Write about seed germination

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