QPC: RD19BSCAG025 AR- 19

Reg. No									
---------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--



# **GIET UNIVERSITY, GUNUPUR – 765022**

B. Sc (AG) (Third Semester - Regular) Examinations, December - 2020

# PBG-212: Fundamentals of Plant Breeding

Time: 2 hrs Maximum: 50 Marks

## The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. PART-A

Q.	1. Fill in the blanks with suitable word		$(10 \times 0.5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
a.	The term over dominance was coined by		
b.	The semi-dwarf wheat varieties were devel	oped by	
c.	The existence of multiple factors was demo	onstrated by while stud	dying inheritance of seed
d.	is the source of dwarfing gen	ne in rice	
e.	The first hybrid variety of cotton was		
f.	The term heterosis was first used by		
g.			
h.		ped by	
i.	NRRI is situated at	· ·	
	is the most frequently used ch	emical for doubling of chromosome	numbers in plants
O.	2. Define (or) Explain the following in one or	r two sentences.	$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
_	Acclimatization		()
	Heterosis		
c. A	Autopolyploidy		
d. (	Clone		
e. (	Gamma garden		
Q3	3. Choose the most appropriate answer fro	m the following	$(10 \times 0.5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$
a.	Heterobeltiosis is estimated over		
	(i) Mid parent	(ii) Check variety	
	(iii) Better parent	(iv) Popular hybrid	
b.	Brassica juncea is an amphidiploids between	1	
	(i) B. nigra and B. oleracea	(ii) B. nigra and B. campestris	
	(iii) B. oleracea and B. campestris	(iv) B. nigra and B. carinata	
c.	Mutagen EMS belongs to		
	(i) Acridine dyes	(ii) Base analogues	
	(iii) Alkylating agent	(iv) Nitrous acid	
d.	The first man made cereal Triticale is an		
	(i) Autohexaploid	(ii) Allotetraploid	
	(iii) Allodiploid	(iv) Allohexaploid	
e.	Gene for gene hypothesis was proposed by		
(	(i) Nelson	(ii) Van der Plank	
	(iii) Flor	(iv) Russell	
£	The tester used in recurrent selection for specific	combining ability is	

(i) Open pollinated variety (ii) Inbred line (iii) Land race (iv) Hybrid

g Inbreeding of cross pollinated species leads to increase in

(i) Homozygosity (ii) Heterozygocity (iii) Population mean (iv) Population variance

h Synthetic variety is a mixture of

(i) All possible crosses among inbreds of good gca(ii) Several pure lines(iii) Several open pollinated genotypes(iv) Several inbred lines

i Concept of single seed descent method was developed by

(i)Jensen(ii) Brim(iii) Goulden(iv)Johannsen

j RFLP markers are

(i) dominant (ii) over dominat (iii) over dominat (iv) none of these

### Q4. Write True or False against each statement

 $(10 \times 0.5 = 5 \text{ Marks})$ 

- a. General combining ability is associated with additive genetic variance.
- b. Environmental variation is non heritable
- c. Horizontal resistance is controlled by oligogenes
- d. Backcross method is used for transfer of cytoplasmic male sterility
- e. Pseudoheterosis is also known as luxuriance
- f. Testers used in reciprocal recurrent selection are the inbred lines
- g. Muller discovered mutagenic action of x- ray on barley
- h. Germplasm which is collected from foreign countries is referred to as direct introduction
- i. Recurrent parent donate desirable genes in backcrossing programme
- j. Four inbred lines are involved in development of double cross hybrids

#### PART - B

#### Attempt <u>ANY FIVE</u> questions. All question carries equal marks

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 5. Describe the role of molecular markers in crop improvement.
- 6. What is pureline theory? Explain the procedure of pureline selection.
- 7. Define male sterility and describe different types of male sterility.
- 8. Describe the procedure of backcross method for transfer of a recessive gene.
- 9. Explain dominance hypothesis.
- 10. What is A, B and R line? Explain three line systems of hybrid seed production.

--- End of Paper ---