Registr	ration No.:
Total n	umber of printed pages – 3 B. Tech PEEC 5417
	Seventh Semester (Special) Examination - 2013
DIG	ITAL SWITCHING AND TELECOMMUNICATION NETWORKS
	BRANCH: EC, ETC
	QUESTION CODE: 414
	Full Marks - 70
	Time: 3 Hours
Ansv	wer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.
1. An	swer the following questions: 2×10
(a)	Explain the terms dB, dBw and dBm.
(b)	
(c)	What are the facilities provided to the discomer in electronic exchanges
	which can be controlled by him?
(d)	

- (d) Explain in brief Regulations, Standards in a telecommunication network.
- (e) Explain frame synchronization.
- (f) What is GOS? Explain in case of a lost call system.
- (g) What is the difference between Internet and ISDN?
- (h) Enlist the performance requirements for deploying a satellite based data network.
- (i) What is the difference between a line and a trunk?
- (j) Define Blocking.

- (a) What is stored program control (SPC) ? Give the organization of centralized SPC and highlight its advantages in telephone switching.
 - (b) Calculate the maximum access time that can be permitted for the data and control memories in a TSI switch with a single input and single output trunk multiplexing 2500 channels. Also, estimate the cost of the switch and compare it with that of a single stage space division switch.
- (a) What layers are covered under end-to-end layer connectivity? Explain briefly about each one of the layer connectivity?
 - (b) What are the major systems of a telecommunication network? Discuss about the subscriber possystems with heat diagrams.
- (a) Classify data networks. Explain the Nyquist theorem, the data rate limitations in PSTN. Explain the importance of modems used for data transfer. List some V-series recommendations.
 - (b) Explain the CCITT hierarchical structure of switching and routing using block schematic.
- 5. (a) In a 100 line exchange, 24 two-motion selectors are used. Draw the schematics you propose for this exchange and explain its working. How many simultaneous calls can be made during peak hour in this exchange?
 - (b) With two block diagrams, explain the difference between time division and space division switching.
 5
- (a) A three stage switching structure supports 100 inlets and 400 outlets. Find
 the number of cross points, and the number of primary and secondary
 switches used in the design.
 - (b) Explain the working of a broad band ISDN system with neat sketches. 5

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- 7. (a) In a national transmission system, the characteristic impedances of the 4-wire circuit and the 2-wire circuit are 1200Ω and 1000Ω respectively. The average phase velocity of the signal in the circuit is 3×10^7 m/s. If the largest distance of a connection is 300 km, determine the return loss and round trip delay for echo.
 - (b) Explain basic software architecture of a typical digital switching system. 5
- 8. Answer any two of the following questions:
 - (a) What is traffic engineering? Define the term busy hour, peak busy hour, time consistent busy hour, traffic intensity, BHCA, CCR, BHCR and grade of service.
 - (b) What are the advantages of CCS over in-channel signaling
 - (c) How numbering plan is achieved in modern telephony? Give the structure with example.
 - (d) Discuss the classifications of switching systems. In what way is stored program control superior to hard wired control?

5×2