



Roll No:

--	--	--	--	--	--

Total Number of Pages : 2

AR-18

M.SC

M.Sc 3rd SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2019-20

Subject code: CE-313

Subject: Ordinary Differential Equations-I

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 80

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

SECTION A

Q.1 Answer any four of the following:

[4 x 4 =16]

- a Show that $\phi(t) = \frac{t^3}{3} + \frac{t^2}{2} + 2t + 1$ is a solution of the differential equation 4
 $x'' = 2t + 1, x(0) = 1, x'(0) = 2$
- b Solve $(ut + tx^2)dt + (x + t^2x)dx = 0$ by the method of separation variables. 4
- c Let f_1 and f_2 be linearly independent on an interval I. Prove that the functions $f_1 + f_2$ and $f_1 - f_2$ are also linearly independent on I. 4
- d Solve the system of equations: 4
 $x_1' = 5x_1 - 2x_2, x_2' = 2x_1 + x_2$
- e Compute the first three successive approximations for the solution of 4
 $x' = e^x, x(0) = 0$
- f Verify that $y(t) = \cos t$ is a solution of $y'(t) = y\left(t - \frac{3}{2}\pi\right)$ 4

(OR)

2. Answer all questions from the following

[8 x 2 =16]

- a Determine the order of the differential equation 2
 $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 7\frac{dx}{dt} + \int xdt = t^3$
- b Show that the equation $x' = f(at + bx + c)$ is transformed into the equation 2
 $u' = bf(u) + a$ by the substitution $u = at + bx + c$
- c Solve $x'' + 4x' + 20x = 0; -\infty < t < \infty$. 2
- d Define Wronskian. 2
- e Define solution matrix. 2
- f State the necessary and sufficient condition for the system $x' = Ax$ to admit a non-zero 2
periodic solution of period ω .
- g Write the general form of delayed differential equation. 2
- h State Contraction Principle. 2



SECTION-B

3. Answer all Questions:

[4 x16 =64]

- a(i) Let $x(t, t_0, x_0)$ and $y(t, t_0, x_0)$ denote the solutions of the equations 8
 $g(t, x, x') \equiv x' + a(t)x = 0$ and $x' + a(t)x = b(t)$, $t \in I$ respectively passing through (t_0, x_0) and existing on I. Then prove that

$$y(t, t_0, x_0) = x(t, t_0, x_0) + \int_{t_0}^t x(t, s, b(s)) ds, \quad t \in I$$

- (ii) Solve $(xdt - tdx) + x(t^2 + x^2)dx = 0$ 8

OR

- b(i) State and Prove the necessary and sufficient condition that the equation 8
 $M(t, x)dt + N(t, x)dx = 0$ is exact.
- (ii) Find the differential equations satisfied by all the parabolas whose axis is the axis of t . 8

4.

- a(i) Let b_1, \dots, b_n be real or complex valued functions defined and continuous on an interval I and $\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n$ are n solutions of the equation 8
 $L(x)(t) = x^{(n)}(t) + b_1(t)x^{(n-1)}(t) + \dots + b_n(t)x(t) = 0$, $t \in I$. Prove that these n solutions are linearly independent on I if and only if $w(t) \neq 0$ for every $t \in I$.

- (ii) Solve $x^{iv} - 2a^2x'' + a^4x = 0$ 8

OR

- b(i) State and Prove Abel's formula for Wronskian. 10
- (ii) Solve $x'' + x' = 4t^2e^t$ 6

5.

- a Determine $\exp(tA)$ for the system $x' = A(t)x$ where 16

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

- b Let A(t) be an n x n matrix that is continuous on closed and bounded interval I. Then prove that there exists a solution to the initial value problem of $x' = Ax$ on I, also prove that the solution is unique. 16

6.

- a(i) Prove that the error $x(t) - x_n(t)$ estimates 8
 $|x(t) - x_n(t)| \leq \frac{L(Kh)^{n+1}}{K(n+1)} e^{Kh}$; $t \in [t_0, t_0 + h]$

- (ii) Let $a < 0$ and $0 < b < |a|$. Then prove that any solution x of 8
 $x'(t) = ax(t) + bx(t-r)$, $0 \leq t_0 \leq t < \infty$ tends to zero as $t \rightarrow \infty$

OR

- b State and Prove Picard's theorem 16