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GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022

RN190012215

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Registration No:							
Total Number of Pages: 2			AR-1	7			B.TECH

B.TECH 5th SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2019 BCHPE5041 BIOCHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Chemical Engineering

Time: 3 Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

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	Answer ALL Questions	
	The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.	
	PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions) 10 x 2=20 Mark	
Λ1	Answer <u>All</u> Questions	
_	Water insoluble enzymes can be prepared by using multifunctional agents that are bifunctional in nature	CO2 PO1
a		CO2 FO1
	and have	
	a) low molecular weight b) high molecular weight	
1.	c) high equivalent weight d) low reactivity	CO2 DO1
b	Which of the following statements is true about uncompetitive inhibitors?	CO2 PO1
	a) They bind covalently at a site distinct from the substrate active site	
	b) They increase the measured V_{max}	
	c) In the presence of an uncompetitive inhibitor, the Michaelis-Menten equation becomes	
	$V_0 = \frac{V_{\text{max}}[S]}{K_m + \alpha'[S]}$	
	$K_m + \alpha'[S]$	
	d) Apparent K _m also increases	
c	Bacterial growth curve is obtained by plotting	CO4 PO2
	(i) Number of cells versus time (ii) number fo spores versus time	
	(iii) log of number of cells versus time (iv) log of number of cells survived versus time	
d	Which of the following statements is not true about RNA?	CO1 PO2
	a) Does not have a double stranded structure b) Thymine is present	
	c) Does not obey Chargaff's rule d) The sugar contained in RNA is a ribose	
e	. In an activated sludge process, the biomass is recycled to	CO ₄ PO ₁
	a increase the efficiency of the process b. reduce sludge volumes	
	c increase the concentration of cells d all of the above	
f	Which of the following is a true statement?	CO1 PO1
	a) Tryptophan and tyrosine are significantly more polar than phenylalanine	
	b) Leucine is commonly used as an ingredient in the buffers of SDS page	
	c) Aspartate is an essential amino acid	
	d) Lysine is a non-essential amino acid	
g	Which of the following is false about lipids?	CO1 PO2
	a) They are either strongly hydrophobic or amphipathic	
	b) They are insoluble in water	
	c) Extraction of lipids from tissues require organic solvents	
	d) They are more soluble in water	
h	In which of the following fermenters the impellers are replaced by the constant flow of gas?	CO3 PO2
	a) Airlift fermenter b) Tower fermenter c) Hollow fibre d) Perfusion bioreactor	
i	Which of the following is not used in DO measurement?	CO3 PO2
	a) Polarographic electrode b) Tubing method c) Tachometers d) Galvanic electrode	
j	Which of the following factors are not involved in the scale-up process?	CO3 PO1
	a) Inoculum development b) Sterilization c) Temperature d) Medium design	
	PART – B: (Short Answer Questions) 10X2=20 Marks	
	Q.2. Answer <u>ALL</u> questions	
a	State three differences between a chemical reaction and its biochemical counterpart.	CO1 PO2
b	Present the classification of microorganisms. Compare Prokaryote and Eukaryotes in terms of their	CO1 PO1
	internal structures.	
c	Define Enzyme inhibition and role of cofactors.	CO2 PO2
d	Define Growth Yield and the other various Yield Coefficients used in cell culture.	CO1 PO1
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What types of common on-line instrumentation are used on bioreactor?



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g V h V i H	What is meant by "limiting substrate concentration"? What do you understand by 'critical dilution rate' and 'wash out' in context with continuous culture What is denaturation of proteins? State three factors responsible for denaturation of protein. Explain glycosidic linkage in polysaccharides. What is generation time?	re.	CO3 PO2 CO4 PO2 CO1 PO2 CO1 PO1 CO1 PO2
	PART – C: (Long Answer Questions) 4X15=60 Marks		
	Answer <u>ALL</u> questions		
Q.3. a. b.	Differentiate between the Gram-positive and Gram-negative cell wall. Draw a schematic of a fermenter vessel. Label the major components and briefly explain	[8]	CO1 PO1
	their functions.	[7]	CO4 PO2
	OR		
c. d.	State various methods of mass transfer coefficient (K_L) determination for aerobic system. Discuss any one in details.	[8]	CO3 PO3
u.	Discuss the air sterilization process for a large-scale aerobic fermenter with a schematic diagram. Name a few materials used as air filters.	[7]	CO4 PO2
Q.4.			
a. b.	Discuss in detail the difference between batch culture and Fed-batch culture.	[8]	CO3 PO3
υ.	Explain the Lock and Key model with diagram for enzymatic reactions.	[7]	CO2 PO2
	OR	. ,	
c.	Explain different methods of enzyme immobilization with the help neat sketches	[8]	CO2 PO2
d.	Discuss with examples the application of fermentation technology in food and beverage, industrial solvents, and antibiotics production.	[7]	CO4 PO2
Q.5. a. b.	Before inoculation of the batch reactor, you need to sterilize the medium, which contains 10^5 spores L ⁻¹ . The value of thermal death rate constant (K _d) has been determined to be 1 min ⁻¹ at 121 °C and 61 min ⁻¹ at 140 °C. For each temperature, determine the required time in the holding section so as to insure that the medium is 95% sterile. The volume of reactor (V _{Liquid}) is 20 L. Neglect heating and cooling. Define sterilization and distinguish it from pasteurization. Describe all the methods of air	[8]	CO4 PO2 CO4 PO2
	sterilization. OR	[7]	CO4 FO2
c.	Aerobic degradation of benzoic acid by a mixed culture of microorganisms can be represented by the following reaction. Assume two-thirds of carbon from substrate converted to biomass. $C_6H_5COOH + aO_2 + bNH_3 \Rightarrow cC_5H_7NO_2 + dH_2O + eCO_2$		
	(Substrate) (Biomass) (i) Determine stoichiometric coefficients a, b, c, d and e	507	G04 P04
d. Q.6. a. b.	(ii) Determine the yield coefficients, $Y_{x/s}$ and $Y_{x/O2}$ Write short note on antibiotics and its application.	[8] [7]	CO3 PO3 CO1 PO1
	Explain in details with neat sketch about Plate and frame filter press.	[8]	CO1 PO2
	Describe the growth associated and non-growth associated product formation in fermentation process.	[7]	CO1 PO1
	OR	r. 1	- -
c.	Explain the importance of selective, differential and maintenance Microbiology.	[8]	CO1 PO1
d.	Discuss in detail how could the transport of ions and molecules takes place between cell and environment. ==0==	[7]	CO3 PO1