Registration No.:				
Total number of print	ted pages – 2			B. Tech
			BSCC	2201 (Old)

Special Examination - 2012

CHEMISTRY - II

Full Marks - 70

Time - 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

(At: wt: Ca = 40, Mg = 24, Na = 23, S = 32, O = 16, H = 1, CI = 35.5, N = 14, Cr = 52, K - 39)

1. Answer the following questions:

2×10

- (a) What are the salt responsible for the temporary and Permanent hardness?
- (b) Calgon treatment prevent Scale formation in bothers. Give reason.
- (c) Why hardness express in terms of CaCo3 Equivalent?
- (d) What do you mean by corrosion?
- (e) Define Pilling Bed-worth rule.
- (f) Why carbonate condinitioning is not suitable for High pressure boiler?
- (g) What do you mean by water gas?
- (h) What do you mean by Photo chemical smog?
- (i) What are repeating unit of nylon-6 and nylon-66?
- (j) What do you mean by acid Rain?
- (a) Calculate the G.C.V. and N.C.V. of coal sample having the following composition:

$$C = 70\%$$
, $H_2 = 6\%$, $O_2 = 6\%$, $S = 4.5\%$, $N_2 = 4.1\%$ and $Ash = 6.4\%$

P.T.O.

	(b)	Wh	at are the difference between addition polymerization and con	densation				
		poly	merization?	6				
3.	(a)	Wh	at do you mean by softening of water? How it is carried out	by zeolite				
		pro	cess? What are limitation of process?	5				
	(b)	Wh	at is ultimate analysis? What are the parameter analyzed i	n ultimate				
		ana	analysis?					
4.	(a)	Disc	cuss the toxic effect of CO and cyanide pellutants.	5				
	(b)	Wh	at are the cause of environmental politition	5				
5.	(a)	Explain the mechanism of following type of corrosion: 2.5						
		(i)	Electrochemical corrosion					
		(ii)	Differential aeration corrosion.					
	(b)	50 r	ml of standard hard water(1 ml =1 mg CaCO ₃) required 90 m	of EDTA				
		solution for detection of end-point. 50 ml of water sample required 18 ml of						
		ED.	EDTA solution and 50 ml of the boiled water sample required 11 ml EDTA					
		solu	ition. Calculate the carbonate and non-carbonate hardness of	f the water				
		sam	nple.	5				
6.	(a)	Wha	at do you mean by proximate analysis? How you find moistu	re content				
		in co	oal by proximate analysis ?	5				
	(b)	Wha	at do you mean byGreen house effects? Discuss it effect	5				
7.	Writ	e a s	hort notes on the following:	5×2				
	(a)	cath	nodic protection					
	(b)	caus	stic embrittlement.					
8.	(a)	What are various type of polymerization? Explain with example. 5						
	(b)	Write down preparation and properties and uses of follows:		5				
		(i)	Bakelite					
		(ii)	Silicon rubber.					