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Total number of printed pages – 4

B. Tech.
HSSM 3302

Sixth Semester Examination – 2013

OPTIMIZATION IN ENGINEERING

BRANCH : MECHANICAL

QUESTION CODE : A 162

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

*Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.*

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions : 2×10
- (a) Explain the followings with reference to LPP :
 - (i) entering variable
 - (ii) leaving variable
 - (b) What is the concept of two-phase simplex method ?
 - (c) Explain the concept of degeneracy in simplex method.
 - (d) What is sensitivity analysis? Why do we need it ?
 - (e) Can degeneracy occur in transportation problem ? Justify your answer.
 - (f) What are the basic characteristics of queueing phenomena ?
 - (g) What do you mean by transient and steady state of a queueing system ?
 - (h) Is it correct to say that in a quadratic programming the objective function and the constraints both should be quadratic ? If not, give your own comment.
 - (i) Differentiate between constraint and unconstraint optimization giving example in each case.
 - (j) Differentiate between Fibonacci and golden section search methods.

P.T.O.

2. (a) A farmer has 500 acres of land on which he can grow paddy, wheat or soybeans. Each acre of paddy costs Rs.1000/- for preparation, requires 7 man-days of work and yields a profit of Rs..300/- Each acre of wheat costs Rs1200/- for preparation, requires 9 man-days of work and yields a profit of Rs800/-. Each acre of soybean costs Rs. 800/- for preparation, requires 6 man-days of work and yields a profit of Rs. 300/-. If the farmer has Rs. 1,00,000/- for preparation, available 4000 man-days, Formulate the LP model to allocate the number of acres to each crop to maximize the total profit. 5

- (b) Using graphical method solve the following LPP : 5

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & Z = 3x_1 + 2x_2 \\ \text{Subject to } & -2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 9 \\ & 3x_1 - 2x_2 \geq 20 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

3. (a) Using simplex method to solve the following LPP 6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & Z = x_1 - 3x_2 + 2x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } & 3x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 7 \\ & -2x_1 + 4x_2 \leq 12 \\ & -4x_1 + 3x_2 + 8x_3 \leq 10 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Write the steps involved in two-phase simplex method. 4

4. Using Big-M method solve the following LPP 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & Z = 4x_1 + 5x_2 - 3x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 10 \\ & x_1 - x_2 \geq 1 \\ & 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 \leq 40 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

5. (a) Obtain an initial basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem by using Least Cost Rule. 6

Source/Destination	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	Availability
S1	1	2	6	2	3	800
S2	3	4	5	8	1	600
S3	3	1	1	2	6	200
S4	4	7	3	5	4	400
Requirement	400	100	700	300	500	

- (b) What is duality theory ? What are the rules to form a dual problem from the primal problem ? What are the advantages of duality ? 4
6. (a) One office has one typist. Since the typing work varies in length (the number of pages to be typed), the typing rate is distributed approximately a Poisson distribution with mean service rate of 8 letters per hour. The letter arrives at a rate of 5 per hour during the entire 8-hour working day. If the type writer cost the office Rs. 50 per hour, determine 5
- (i) the percent time that the arriving letter has to wait for typing
 - (ii) average system time
 - (iii) average cost due to waiting on the part of the typewriter (remaining idle)
- (b) Vehicles arrive at one-window drive according to Poisson distribution with mean of 10 minutes. The service time per vehicle is exponential with mean of 6 minutes. The space in front of the window can accommodate only three vehicles including the serviced one. Other vehicles have to wait outside this space. Calculate
- (i) probability that an arriving vehicle can drive directly to the space in front of the window
 - (ii) probability that an arriving vehicle will have to wait outside the directed space. 5

7. (a) Solve the following Non-linear programming problem by using Lagrangian multipliers 5

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & Z = 10x_1 + 4x_2 - x_1^2 + 4x_1x_2 - 5x_2^2 \\ \text{Subject to } & x_1 + x_2 = 0 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Solve the following NLPP using Kuhn-Tucker conditions 5

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & Z = 2x_1^2 - 7x_2^2 + 12x_1x_2 \\ \text{Subject to } & 2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 98 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

8. Solve the following quadratic programming 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & Z = -4x_1 + x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 + 2x_2^2 \\ \text{Subject to } & 2x_1 + x_2 \geq 6 \\ & x_1 - 4x_2 \geq 0 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$