Registration No. :							
Total number of print	ed pages	5-2				B. Tec	h
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Sixth Semester Examination – 2013

ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

BRANCH: ELECTRICAL
QUESTION CODE: A 175

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions:

2×10

- (a) What is the significance of div(B) = 0 ?
- (b) Why is the electric field intensity not zero in a steady current carrying conductor?
- (c) What do you mean by vector magnetic potential?
- (d) What is the difference between the conduction and conventional current?
- (e) What is continuity equation? Write down the continuity equation for steady currents.
- (f) What is a Poynting vector and what is it's physical significance?
- (g) Determine whether or not the field with $\mathbf{B} = 4a_x$ and $\mathbf{E} = 2a_y$ satisfy Maxwell's equation in a linear isotropic homogeneous material for which $\varepsilon_r = 8$, $\mu_r = 2$ and $\sigma = 0$.
- (h) Show that the capacitor of an isolated metallic sphere of radius R is $4 \Pi \in_0 R$ Farad.
- (i) What is the value of the electric field inside a good conductor? Why?
- (j) Write the Poisson's and Laplace equations for homogeneous and non-homogeneous fields.
- 2. (a) Express the Position vector $\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{xa_x} + \mathbf{ya_y} + \mathbf{za_z}$ in the spherical co-ordinate system.

	(b)	Using rectangular co-ordinate system verify that
		(i) $\operatorname{div}(\operatorname{curl} A) = 0$
		(ii) $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{grad} f) = 0$
3.	(a)	Derive the boundary conditions between a conductor and a dielectric.
	(b)	Region -1 (z < 0) contains a dielectric for which ε_r = 2.5 while region -2(z > 0)
	(-)	is characterized by $\varepsilon_r = 4$. Let $E_1 = -30a_x + 50a_y + 70a_z$ v/m. Find D_2 P ₂ and the angle between E_1 and the normal to the surface.
4.		Derive an expression for electric field due to an electric dipole placed of meters apart on the z-axis.
5.	(a)	Write down Maxwell's field equations and explain their significance. Deduce the wave equation in time varying field for a lossless dielectric medium.
	(b)	The magnetic field component of a wave is given by
		$H = 30 \cos(10^8 t - 6x)a_x \text{ mA/m}$. Determine
		(i) The direction of wave propagation
		(ii) The wavelength
		(iii) The wave velocity
6.	(a)	What is magnetic vector potential? Write down its physical significance How is it different from magnetic scalar potential?
	(b)	Derive the expression for electric field intensity due to a infinite line charge
7	(a)	Explain the wave propagation in lossy dielectric with necessary equations.
	(b)	A uniform plane wave propagating in a medium has
		E = $2e^{-\alpha z}\sin(10^8t - \beta z)a_y v/m$. If the medium is characterized by $ε_r = 1$ $μ_r = 20$ and $σ = 3$ s/m, find $α$, $β$ and H .
8.	Wri	te short notes on : 5×2
	a)	Boundary conditions in magnetic field
	h)	Biot Savart law