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Total number of printed pages – 2

B. Tech
PCEE 4301 (New)

Sixth Semester (Back) Examination – 2013
TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

BRANCH : ELECTRICAL

QUESTION CODE : B322

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

*Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

1. Answer the following questions : 2 × 10
- Define voltage regulation of a transmission line.
 - State two advantages of bundled conductors.
 - What do you understand GMR and GMD stranded conductor ?
 - What is the effect of high capacitance of a transmission line ?
 - What is a stringing chart ?
 - What is meant by break even distance ?
 - Differentiate between a feeder and distributor.
 - What are the differences between AC transmission and DC transmission ?
 - Define insulation resistance for a cable.
 - How the substations are classified on the basis of mounting ?
2. (a) The three conductors of a 3 phase overhead line are arranged in a horizontal plane with a spacing of 4 m between adjacent conductors. The diameter of each conductor is 2 cm. Determine the inductance per km per phase of the line assuming that the lines are transposed. 5
- (b) Explain in brief the classification of transmission line. 5

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3. (a) Calculate the capacitance of a single phase 50 Hz overhead transmission line 60 km long consisting two parallel wires each 8 mm in diameter and 2 meter apart .The height of conductors above the ground is 8 meters. (Ignore the effect of ground) 5
- (b) Derive transmission line constants A, B, C and D parameters for short transmission line. 5
4. A transmission line has a span of 300 m between the level supports. The conductors has an effective diameter 2 cm and weighs 0.9 kg/m. Its ultimate strength is 8000 kg. If the conductor has ice coating of radial thickness 1.5 cm and subjected to a wind pressure of 4 gm/cm² of projected area, calculate Sag for a safety factor 2. (Weight of 1 cc of ice is 0.91 gm). 10
5. (a) A three phase overhead transmission line is being supported by three Suspension type insulators. The potential across the first and the second Insulator are 11 KV and 13.2 KV respectively. Calculate 5
- (i) The Line voltage.
- (ii) String efficiency.
- (b) Explain why the voltage distribution over a string of suspension Insulators is not uniform and also define string efficiency. 5
6. (a) Show that the most economical size of conductor in a single core cable is obtained when radius of cable sheath (R) equals $e \cdot r$, where e is the base of natural logarithm and r is the radius of conductor ? 5
- (b) Under what circumstances are cables preferred to overhead lines for power transmission ? 5
7. (a) State and explain Kelvin's Law. Also briefly discuss its limitations. 5
- (b) Discuss the advantages of a 3 wire system as compared with two wire system for DC distribution network. 5
8. Write short notes on any **two** : 5×2
- (a) Ferranti effect
- (b) Advantages of HVDC transmission
- (c) Factors affecting Soil resistivity.

