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Total number of printed pages – 3

B. Tech
HSSM 3302 (New)

Sixth Semester (Back) Examination – 2013

OPTIMIZATION IN ENGINEERING

BRANCH : CIVIL

QUESTION CODE : B303

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions : 2 × 10
- (a) Define artificial variable, pivot element of a LPP.
- (b) Define Non degenerate basic feasible solution and degenerate basic feasible solution.
- (c) Find the dual of following :
- $$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & z = x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } & x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1 - 3x_2 + 4x_3 = 5 \\ & 2x_1 - x_3 \geq 4 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$
- (d) What is sensitivity analysis ?
- (e) What is the criteria of optimality in Transportation problem ?
- (f) What is the difference between revised simplex method and simplex method ?
- (g) What is Queueing Discipline ?
- (h) Explain Quadratic Programming.
- (i) What is M/M/I (N/FCFS) model.
- (j) What are Langrange multipliers.



P.T.O.

2. (a) Solve graphically the following LPP :

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$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } z &= 3x_1 + 5x_2 \\ \text{subject to } -3x_1 + 4x_2 &\leq 12 \\ 2x_1 + 3x_2 &\leq 12 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 &= -2 \\ x_1 &\leq 4, x_2 \geq 2; \\ x_1, x_2 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Using Big-M method solve the following LPP :

6

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } z &= 2x_1 + 4x_2 - 3x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &\geq 8 \\ x_1 - x_2 &\geq 1 \\ 3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 &\leq 40 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$



3. (a) Using dual simplex method to solve the LPP :

5

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } z &= -2x_1 - x_3 \\ \text{Subject to } x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &\geq 5 \\ x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3 &\geq 8 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Find the optimal solution of the following transportation problem using Vogel's approximation method to find the initial basic feasible solution.

5

	Ware houses			Availability	
	19	30	50	10	7
	70	30	40	60	9
	40	8	70	20	18
Requirement	5	8	7	14	

4. A tax consulting firm has 3 counters in its office to receive people who have problems concerning their income, wealth and sales taxes. On the average 48

persons arrive in an 8-hours day. Each tax adviser spends 15 minutes on an average on an interval. If the arrivals follow Poisson distribution and service times are according to exponential distribution, find 10

- (a) the average number of customers in the system.
- (b) average number of customers waiting to be served.
- (c) average time a customers spends in the system.
- (d) average waiting time for a customer.
- (e) the number of hours each week a tax adviser spends performing his job.

5. Solve the following mixed integer problem by the branch and bound method : 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } & z = x_1 + x_2 \\ \text{Subject to } & 2x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 16 \\ & 6x_1 + 5x_2 \geq 30 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ and integers.} \end{aligned}$$

6. Use the method of Langrangian multipliers to solve the following NLPP : 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Optimize } & z = 2x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 + 10x_1 + 8x_2 + 6x_3 - 100 \\ \text{Subject to } & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 20 \\ & x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

7. Solve the following quadratic programming problem 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize } & z = x_1^2 - x_1x_2 + 3x_2^2 - 4x_2 + 4 \\ \text{Subject to } & x_1 + x_2 \leq 1 \\ & ;x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

8. (a) Explain genetic algorithm. 5

(b) Write the different steps involved in project gradient method giving an example. 5

