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Total number of printed pages - 2

B. Tech PCEE 4301

Sixth Semester Regular Examination – 2014 TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

BRANCH : ELECTRICAL

QUESTION CODE: F 254

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin to dicate marks.

Answer the following questions:

2×10

- (a) Define voltage regulation of a transmission line.
- (b) State two advantages of bundled conductors.
- (c) What do you understand by GMR and GMD stranded conductor?
- (d) What is the effect of high capacitance of a transmission line?
- (e) What is a stringing chart?
- (f) What is meant by breakeven distance ?
- (g) Differentiate between a feeder and distributor.
- (h) What are the differences between a.c. transmission and d.c. transmission?
- Define insulation resistance for a cable.
- (j) How the substations are classified on the basis of mounting?
- 2. (a) The three conductors of a 3-phase overhead line are arranged in a horizontal plane with a spacing of 4m between adjacent conductors. The diameter of each conductor is 2 cm. Determine the inductance per km per phase of the line assuming that the lines are transposed?
 - (b) Explain, in brief, the classification of transmission line.

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- (a) Calculate the capacitance of a single-phase 50 Hz overhead transmission 3. line 60 km long consisting two parallel wires each 8 mm in diameter and 2 meter apart .The height of conductors above the ground is 8 meters. (Ignore the effect of ground). Derive transmission line constants A, B, C and D parameters for short
 - transmission line.
- A transmission line has a span of 300 m between the level supports. The 4. conductors has an effective diameter 2 cm and weighs 0.9 kg/m. Its ultimate strength is 8000 kg. If the conductor has ice coating of radial thickness 1.5 cm and subjected to a wind pressure of 4 gm/cm2 of projected area, Calculate Sag for a safety factor 2. (Weight of 1cc of ice is 0.91 gm). 10
- (a) A three-phase overhead transmission line is being supported by three 5. Suspension type insulators. The potential across the first and the second Insulator are 11 kV and 13.2 kV respectively. Calculate:
 - The Line voltage (i)
 - String efficiency " (ii)
 - Explain why the voltage distribution over a string of suspension Insulators (b) is not uniform and also define string efficiency.
- Show that the most economical size of conductor in a single core cable is 6. (a) obtained when radius of cable sheath (R) equals er, where e is the base of natural logarithm and r is the radius of conductor? 5
 - Under what circumstances are cables preferred to overhead lines for power transmission? 5
- State and explain Kelvin's Law. Also briefly discuss its limitations. 7. 5
 - (b) Discuss the advantages of a 3 wire system as compared with two wire system for d.c. distribution network.
- Write shorte notes on any two of the following: 8.
 - (a) Ferranti effect
 - (b) Advantages of HVDC transmission
 - (c) Factors affecting Soil resistivity.

5×2