

Registration No. :

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total number of printed pages – 3

B. Tech  
PCEE 4304

Sixth Semester Regular Examination – 2014

COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

BRANCH(S) : CSE, IT

QUESTION CODE : F 323

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

1. Answer the following questions :

2×10

- Bring out four essential features of an analog communication system.
- Give standard radio broadcast frequency band. Why is this band used for broadcast ?
- Sketch the power spectrum of  $\text{rect}(t/T) \cos 4\pi \times 10^6 t$ .
- Give the Fourier spectrum of  $2x\left(\frac{t}{2} - 5\right)$  if  $x(t) \leftrightarrow X(f)$ .
- How is an SSB-SC signal demodulated ? What is its advantage ?
- Write down two important advantages of a superheterodyne receiver.
- Can you ever realize a noiseless channel ? Justify.
- The signal  $x(t) = \sin c(f_0 t)$  is limited in which domain ? Justify.

P.T.O.

(i) What is a line code ? Give two examples.

(j) Why is the logarithmic measure adopted for companding ?

2. (a) Find the Fourier transform of  $x(t) = \begin{cases} \cos \pi t; & -\frac{1}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$  5

(b) Find  $x(t)$  if the corresponding  $X(f) = \frac{j2\pi f}{(1+j2\pi f)^2}$  5

3. (a) A sinusoidal carrier of signal 5 V peak amplitude and 100 Hz frequency is amplitude modulated by a 5 KHz signal of peak amplitude 3V. What is the modulation index ? Sketch the two-sided spectrum of the modulated signal. Give also the expression for the modulated signal. 1+3+1

(b) Determine the power contained in the above modulated signal by deriving the necessary expression for it. 2+3

4. (a) What are the eigen values of a frequency modulated signal ? Discuss with the help of necessary expressions and diagrams. 1+5

(b) Discuss Armstrong's method of FM generation. 4

5. (a) Discuss frequency-to-amplitude conversion. Give the transfer function of a circuit capable of doing this. 4+1

(b) Discuss a Foster-Seely discriminator with the help of appropriate diagrams. Explain the function of each component clearly. 5

6. (a) Derive the transfer function of the reconstruction filter used to recover the message signal from its samples. Sketch the same. 4+1

(b) Give the spectrum of a 100 Hz sinusoid when it is sampled at 120 Hz. What are your observations ? 4+1

7. Compare the AM and FM superheterodyne receiver. 10
8. Write short notes on any **two** of the following : 5×2
- (a) SNR in DSB with carrier type of systems
  - (b) Time division multiplexing
  - (c) TV transmitter
  - (d) PAM Systems.

