Registration No.:											
-------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Total number of printed pages - 2

B. Tech PCEI 4305

NTRAL US

Sixth Semester Regular / Back Examination – 2015 INSTRUMENTATION DEVICES AND SYSTEMS - II BRANCH (S): AEIE, IEE

QUESTION CODE: J 285

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Answer the following questions :

2×10

- (a) What is the role of charge amplifier in piezoelectric measurement system?
- (b) What is the advantage and disadvantage of using floats in level measurement?
- (c) What zero suppression and zero elevation?
- (d) Which optical sources are used in optical measurement system?
- (e) What is the advantage of using photodiode detector and also explain what dark current is?
- (f) State Stefan-Boltzmann's law.
- (g) Give a comparison between monomode step index and multimode step index fibre.
- (h) What is the basic principle behind flapper nozzle system?
- (i) In a conveyor system which type of motor is being used and justify your answer?
- (j) Write the expression of overall attenuation loss (α) in a length (L) of an optical fibre.
- (a) Give a brief description of principle of operation of broad band pyrometer with its advantage and disadvantage.

	(b)	A total radiation pyrometer is calibrated with respect to a black body conditions is being used to measure of a surface with emissivity of 0.7 and measures the temp as 1000°C. Determine the true temp of the surface. Also
		calculate the temp. measured by an optical pyrometer for the above case
		(Assume emissivity of 0.7 at $\lambda = 0.6 \mu m$).
3.	(a)	Derive the transfer function for piezoelectric system with ideal charge amplifier.
	(b)	A seismic accelerometer has seismic mass of 0.005 kg, stiffness of 8 N/m and damping ratio of 0.1. If the input acceleration is 40 sin 30t m/s ² . Calculate the displacement of the mass.
4.	(a)	Explain briefly the principle and signal conversion processes in a pneumatic system.
	(b)	Explain the different types of Control Valves and their characteristics. 5
5.	(a)	Give a brief description of ultrasonic level indicator.
	(b)	Why conductivity measurement is required and explains its basic principle
		CENTRAL UP
6.	(a)	Explain pneumatic and hydraulic actuator briefly.
	(b)	What is ladder diagram? Explain its elements with symbols used in ladder diagram.
7.	(a)	What is PLC? Explain its basic structure with all its elements briefly.
	(b)	Derive an expression for K _{sm} while coupling a source to a fibre.
8.	Writ	e short notes on any two : 5×2
	(a)	Power electronic devices used for process-control
	(b)	Photo resistor
	(c)	Humidity Measurement

(d) Application of accelerometer.