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Total number of printed pages - 4

B. Tech

PCEI 4303

TRALI

Sixth Semester Back Examination – 2015 CONTROL SYSTEMS

BRANCH (S): AEIE, EIE, IEE

QUESTION CODE: M 131

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

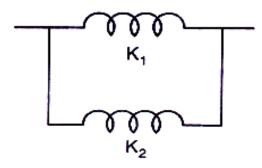
Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer the following questions :

2×10

(a) Determine the equivalent spring constant for the given system.



(b) What is the sinusoidal transfer function of a system whose response y(t) to an input x(t) is given by the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy}{dt} + 25y = 25x$$

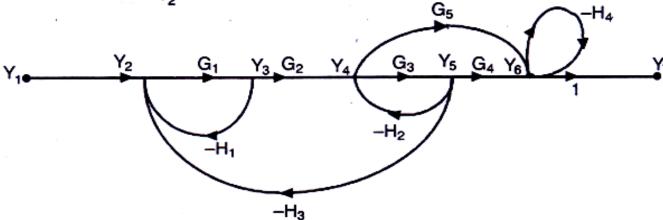
- (c) What are K_p, K_v and K_a? Write expressions for them.
- (d) Differentiate between 'Type' and 'Order' of a system. What are the advantages and disadvantages of increasing the 'type' of a system?
- (e) Draw a figure to show the 'Electrical zero' positions of a synchro transmitter and a synchro control transformer. What is the function of a synchro transmitter-control transformer pair in an ac Position Control system?

(f) The transfer function of a system is given as

$$T(s) = \frac{s+5}{s^2 + 10s + 50}$$

Determine its impulse response,

- (g) Define the octave and decade frequency ranges. For a first order system, what corrections do you apply to the asymptotic Bode Plot at the corner frequency and the frequencies at one octave above and below the corner frequency?
- (h) What do you mean by dominant closed loop poles? Why are they named so? Why do the complex poles and zeroes of a control system always occur in conjugate pairs?
- (i) What are the measures of relative stability in frequency domain? At what frequencies are they determined and why?
- (j) What do you mean by 'State Transition Matrix'?
- 2. (a) Calculate $\frac{Y_7}{Y_2}$ of the system whose signal flow graph is given below. 6



(b) (i) The Laplace Transform of a circuit to some excitation is

$$I(s) = \frac{s+3}{(s+1)^2 + 4}$$

Determine the time domain current i(t).

(ii) Write down the expression for Laplace Transform of a transportation lag of 5 sec.

3. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is

$$G(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+10)}$$

2

(a) Find the static error constants and the steady state error of the system when subjected to the polynomial input $r(t) = a_0 + a_1 t + a_2 t^2$ 5

5

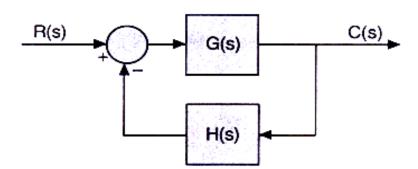
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- (b) Find the dynamic error using dynamic error coefficients.
- 4. The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(1+sT)}$$

Where T and K are constants having positive values By what factor the amplifier gain be reduced so that,

- (a) the peak overshoot of the unit step response of the system is reduced from 75% to 25%?
- (b) the damping ration increases from 0.1 to 0.6?
- 5. Consider the system shown below. G(s) is given by (S) = $\frac{K}{S^2(S+2)}$. 10



Show that the system is unstable for all positive values of the gain K. This system can be stabilized by adding a zero on the negative real axis to modify G(s) to

$$G_1(s)$$
 given by $G_1(s) = \frac{K(s+a)}{s^2(s+2)}$. Find the limits on a for stability. Plot root locus

of the stabilized system.

Sketch the polar plot of the open loop transfer function given below:

$$G(s) = \frac{10}{(s+1)(s+3)}$$

Find the frequency at which the plot crosses the negative real axis and the magnitude of $G(j_{\omega})$ at this frequency.

7. (a) Obtain the transfer function of the system

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Find $f(A) = A^4 + 2A^2$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ Technique.



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- 8. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) Sensitivity of Control System
 - (b) Nyquist Stability Criterion
 - (c) Stepper Motor
 - (d) Routh-Hurwitz Stability Criteria.