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Total Number of Pages: 02

**B.TECH**  
**PEEC5303**

**6th Semester Regular / Back Examination 2015-16**

**RADAR AND TV ENGINEERING**

**BRANCH: ECE,ETC**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Max Marks: 70**

**Q.CODE: W548**

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.**  
**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

**Q1** Answer the following questions: **(2 x 10)**

- a) What is Flicker? Write the relationship between Flicker and Brightness?
- b) A Radar is have a maximum range of 300KM.What is the maximum allowable Pulse Repetition Frequency for unambiguous reception.
- c) In TV Transmission why audio signal is frequency modulated (FM) where as Picture is amplitude Modulated (AM).
- d) Define the term luminance, Hue and saturation of a Colour Signal.
- e) What is Scanning? Why Interlaced scanning is desired for TV Transmission?
- f) A Radar System transmits Pulses Duration of  $2\ \mu\text{s}$  and repetition rate of 1 KHz. Find the Maximum and Minimum range of radar.
- g) Draw chromaticity diagram and explain what information can be obtained from it.
- h) In TV system used in India, the total number of scanning lines per frame is 625 and the line lost per field is 20. Calculate vertical and horizontal resolutions. Kell factor=0.7,Aspect Ratio 4:3
- i) What is hits per scan? How it is related with antenna beamwidth and pulse repetition frequency.
- j) What is the difference between Search and Tracking Radars?

**Q2** a) With the help of neat diagram explain the operation of amplitude comparison Monopulse Radar. **(5)**

b) What's the necessity of delay line canceler (DLC)? Derive the frequency response of a single delay line canceler used in MTI Radar. **(5)**

- Q3 a)** Derive the Basic Radar Range Equation and Discuss the parameters on which maximum range depends. **(5)**
- b)** A marine radar operate at 10 GHz has a maximum range of 50Km with an antenna gain of 4000.If the transmitter has a power of 250 KW and minimum detectable signal of  $10^{-11}$  W. Determine the Cross Section of target the Radar can Sight. **(5)**
- Q4** Draw the block diagram of Pulse RADAR and Explain each block in detail. **(10)**
- Q5 a)** Draw the block diagram of NTSC Colour TV Encoder and Describe each block. **(5)**
- b)** What is Composite video signal (CVS)? Draw and explain the different levels of negative polarity Composite Video Signal. **(5)**
- Q6 a)** Calculate vertical resolution, horizontal resolution and bandwidth of the TV system with the following specification  
Scanning lines per frame =625,Lines lost per field=25  
Kell Factor=0.75,Trace time=52 $\mu$ s,Aspect ratio=4:3 **(5)**
- b)** Draw the block diagram of FMCW Radar and explain its application in measurement of Range. **(5)**
- Q7 a)** Describe in brief the various losses that affect the characteristics of Radar **(5)**
- b)** In Radar system what is false alarm and probability of detection? **(5)**
- Q8** Write short notes on any two: **(5 x 2)**
- a)** Radar Display
- b)** Digital colour TV Receiver
- c)** Charge Coupled Device(CCD)
- d)** Doppler Filter Banks