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Total Number of Pages: 2

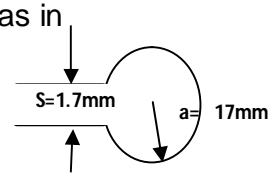
**B.Tech**  
**PEEC5304**

**6<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular / Back Examination 2016-17**  
**ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION**  
**BRANCH: ECE, ETC**  
**Time: 3 Hours**  
**Max Marks: 70**  
**Q.CODE: Z678**

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.**  
**The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

**Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)**

- Write down beam width of major lobe of end-fire array.
- The maximum effective area is given by  $A_{em} = 0.15\lambda^2$ . Then calculate the effective height of a half wave dipole antenna operating at  $\lambda = 1.55m$ .
- What is the relation between equivalent temperature and brightness temperature of antenna? Write down relation between emissivity and reflection coefficient of surface wave.
- In lossless case what is the relation between noise powers at receiver with band width of antenna.
- Calculate input resistance of  $\frac{\lambda}{4.2}$  length of dipole antenna resonating at 3GHz.
- What is the value of max effective area of  $0.5\lambda$  dipole antenna resonating at 10GHz.
- Assume infinitesimal small radius of wire make a loop antenna as in side figure. Calculate average impedance of loop wire antenna.
- Draw the diagram of pyramidal, sectorial E-plane, sectorial H-plane and exponential tapered pyramidal rectangular horn antenna.
- A uniform array consists of 18 isotropic point source, each separated at distance  $\frac{\lambda}{4}$ . If phase difference  $\delta = -90^\circ$ . Calculate HPBW.
- In tropospheric space wave communication system the height of antenna are defined as  $4\lambda$  and  $4.1\lambda$ . The direct path distance is given by 10km and operating wave length is 10m. Calculate loss coefficient.



- Q2**
- What is plane wave? Write its properties. **(2)**
  - Find the solution of Helmholtz's wave equation for charge free region. Explain importance of loss tangent of the medium during wave propagation. **(8)**

- Q3 a)** Find Thevenin's equivalent circuit of  $T_x$  antenna. **(5)**
- b)** Find Norton's equivalent circuit of  $R_x$  antenna. **(5)**
- Q4** For mobile communication over a height of 120km via ionosphere layer **(10)**  
 with  $N_{max} = 2.22 \times 10^5 \text{ electron/m}^3$ . MUF is given 6.5KHz, then find
- (i) Optimum working frequency ( $f_o$ )
  - (ii) Critical frequency
  - (iii) Elevation angle of beam
  - (iv) Skip distance
- Q5 a)** Write down the principle of pattern multiplication **(4)**
- b)** Write down Tchebyscheff Polynomial  $T_x(m)$  for  $|x| < \pm 1$  and  $|x| > \pm 1$ . **(6)**  
 And then for  $|x| < \pm 1$  expand T for all  $m=0,1,2,3$ .
- Q6 a)** Write the basic configuration of loop antenna and basic geometries of **(5)**  
 loop antenna
- b)** Write the principle of operation of loop antenna. **(5)**
- Q7** Derive E and H field for Hertzian Dipole Antenna. Find the average **(10)**  
 radiated power.
- Q8** **Write short answer on any TWO:** **(5 x 2)**
- a)** Impedance BW and Quality factor.
  - b)** Directivity in-terms of radiation intensity and narrow major lobes with negligible minor lobe
  - c)** Rectangular patch antenna
  - d)** Duct gradient and M-Curve