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Total number of printed pages – 3

B. Tech
PCCH 4303

Fifth Semester Examination – 2013

PROCESS EQUIPMENT DESIGN

BRANCH : CHEM

QUESTION CODE : C-415

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

*Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **two** from the rest.*

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Assume suitable notations and any missing data wherever necessary.

FOLLOWING BOOKS ARE ALLOWED :

1. **PROCESS EQUIPMENT DESIGN- M V JOSHI**
2. **CHEMICAL ENGINEERING, VOLUME – VI- COULSON and RICHARDSON**
3. **INDIAN STANDARD CODE (IS: 803-1976)**
4. **STEAM TABLE**
5. **DATA TABLE (APPENDIX - PROCESS HEAT TRANSFER-D Q KERN)**

1. Answer the following questions :

2×10

- (a) How to obtain equilibrium data from relative volatility ?
- (b) Reflux is the deciding factor for number of plates to be used in a distillation column. Explain.
- (c) Why partial condenser is equivalent to one theoretical stage in distillation operation ?
- (d) Is the corrosion allowance necessary ? If no then when and if yes how much ?
- (e) What is the role of baffles in a shell and tube heat exchanger ?
- (f) Define “pass” and “partition” in a shell and tube heat exchanger.
- (g) Why LMTD correction factor F_T is used in multi-pass heat exchangers ?
- (h) Which materials are used for cladding and bonding for low cost materials ?



P.T.O.

- (i) Which equipment is known as condenser-cooler ?
- (j) How wall thickness changes w.r.t. BWG number ?
2. (a) Design a storage vessel with column supported roof.
- Data :
- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Tank diameter | 19 |
| Tank height | 25 |
| Sp. Gr. of liquid | 1.2 |
| Material | Carbon Steel (structural) |
| Permissible stress | 142 N/mm ² |
| Density | 7.7 |
| Modulus of elasticity | 2×10^5 |
- Design : (a) Shell, (b) Bottom, (c) Column supported roof. 15
- (b) Draw a neat diagram of storage vessel. 10
3. (a) A feed mixture containing 55 mol% benzene and rest toluene is to be separated into an overhead product containing 98 mol % benzene and a residue of 2 mol % benzene at 1 std atm. Feed is saturated vapor and is admitted to the column at the rate of 4000 kg/hr. A reflux ratio of 2.5 times of minimum is to be used. Boiling point of benzene and toluene are 353 K and 383 K respectively. Relative volatility for benzene-toluene system is 2.6. Overall efficiency of the tower is 75%. Vapor velocity can be taken as 1 m/sec.
- Design a suitable bubble cap tray distillation column. 15
- (b) Draw neat sketch of distillation column showing all necessary auxiliary equipments. 10
4. (a) Design a vertical tube single effect evaporator to concentrate 7000 kg/hr of 5% (by weight) caustic soda solution to 30% (by weight). Steam is available at 1.6 kg/cm². The pressure to be maintained in the vapor space of the evaporator is 500 mm Hg. The overall heat transfer co-efficient may be taken as 2000 Kcal/hr.m².°C. Boiling point elevation of the solution is 8°C. Enthalpy of the feed and product streams are 82 and 72 Kcal/kg respectively. Tubes of 50 mm OD (45 mm ID) and length of 150 cm are arranged in 75 mm square pitch. 15
- (b) Draw a neat sketch of vertical tube evaporator with specifications. 10

5. (a) Crude oil at the rate of 15050 kg/hr is to be heated from 25°C to 60°C by heat exchange with the bottom product from a distillation unit (both fluids are heavy organics). The product at 13500 kg/hr is to be cooled from 145°C to 105°C. For this purpose 396 tubes with 1 in. OD and BWG number 14 are used in 1.25 in. square pitch. Design a 1-2 shell and tube heat exchanger. What are the both side allowable pressure drop values in N/m²? 15
- Average properties are :

	Product (outside the tube), "hot"	Crude (inside the tube) "cold"
C_p , kJ/kg.°C	2.15	1.96
μ , cP	4.9	2.7
ρ , kg/m ³	880	830
κ , W/m.°C	0.119	0.137

- (b) Draw a neat sketch of 1-2 shell and tube heat exchanger. 10