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Total number of printed pages – 2

B. Tech  
PCEC 4302

## Fifth Semester Back Examination – 2014

### ANALOG COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUES

BRANCH(S) : EC, ETC

QUESTION CODE : L 230

Full Marks – 70

Time : 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any **five** from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.



1. Answer the following questions : 2×10
- (a) When two signals are said to be orthogonal ? Give an example.
  - (b) State and prove the modulation theorem of Fourier transform.
  - (c) Can you apply Dirichlet's conditions to a unit step function ? Justify.
  - (d) State two salient features of DSB with carrier type of communication system.
  - (e) Why is the superheterodyne receiver used ?
  - (f) Prove Parseval's theorem.
  - (g) When an FM signal is said to be an NBFM signal ?
  - (h) Is analog phase modulation used in practice ? Justify.
  - (i) What is SNR ? Give its numerical value if it is 35 dB.
  - (j) State the working principle of a slope detector.
2. (a) Find the time domain signal corresponding to  $U(-f)$  where  $U(.)$  is a unit step function in the frequency domain. Explain the property of Fourier transform that you might have used here. 5

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(b) Give the spectrum of a triangular pulse train given as  $\left(1 - \frac{|t|}{\tau}\right)$  with a period of  $T$ . 5

3. (a) Evaluate and sketch the convolution of a unit amplitude rectangular pulse of duration  $T$  seconds with itself. What is your observation from this result? 5

(b) A signal  $m(t) = \cos 200\pi t$  is sampled at a frequency of  $f_s = 3000$  Hz. Sketch the spectrum of the sampled signal. Can you recover the original signal from its samples? 5

4. Compute the mean and variance of a Gaussian random variable given as 10

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-m)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right).$$



5. (a) Draw and explain a ratio detector circuit. 5

(b) Discuss the role of pre emphasis and de emphasis. Derive the transfer functions of these two circuits. 5

6. (a) Find out the power content of a DSB with full carrier kind of modulated signal for an arbitrary modulating signal  $m(t)$ . What does this result become when  $m(t) = \cos 200\pi t$ ? 6

(b) Give two different realizations of a ring type modulator. Compare the two circuits. 4

7. (a) Discuss suitable circuits for generating PWM signals with appropriate waveforms at each stage. 6

(b) Explain a sample and hold circuit and its application. 4

8 Write short notes on any **two** of the following : 5×2

(a) Noise equivalent bandwidth

(b) VSB and its applications

(c) White noise as a random process

(d) Ensemble average of random variables.