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Total Number of Pages: 2

B.TECH
PCME4302

5th Semester Regular / Back Examination 2015-16

I.C.ENGINES AND GAS TURBINES

BRANCH: MECH

Time: 3 Hours

Max marks: 70

Q.CODE: T376

**Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.
The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

- Q1** Answer the following questions: **(2 x 10)**
- a) "Four stroke engine has a higher part load efficiency than two stroke engine". True or False, Justify.
 - b) What do you mean by pumping loss in I.C. Engines?
 - c) Show the variation of pressure with A/F ratio at different compression ratios for an SI engine.
 - d) Define flash point and fire point of fuel for CI engines.
 - e) What is the effect of turbocharging on SI engine?
 - f) Write down how reheating affects the efficiency and work output of gas turbine plant.
 - g) Write down the firing orders for a four cylinder and six cylinder I.C. engine.
 - h) Write two methods to measure the frictional power loss of an engine.
 - i) What is slip? How it affects the compressor?
 - j) Arrange the following hydro carbons in the increasing order of their knock resistance for SI engines:
Aromatic, naphthene, paraffin.
- Q2** a) Draw the valve timing diagram for 4 stroke CI and 2-stroke SI engine. **(4)**
- b) A four stroke, four cylinder diesel engine running at 2500rpm develops 70KW. Brake thermal efficiency is 35% and calorific value of fuel is 41MJ/kg. Engine has a bore of 110mm and stroke of 100mm. Take ρ for air as 1.12kg/m³, A/F ratio 16:1 and mechanical efficiency = 0.75. Calculate (i) Fuel consumption (kg/Hr) (ii) Air consumption (iii) Indicated thermal efficiency (iv) Volumetric efficiency (v) Brake mean effective pressure (vi) mean piston speed. **(6)**
- Q3** a) Explain briefly about the important characteristics of CI engine fuels. **(4)**
- b) A simple jet carburetor is required to supply 5 kg of air and 0.6 kg of fuel per minute. The specific gravity of fuel is 0.7. The air is initially at 1bar and 25°C. Calculate the throat diameter of choke for a flow velocity of 90m/s. Velocity coefficient is 0.85. If the pressure drop across the fuel metering orifice is 75 % of that of the choke, calculate orifice diameter assuming coefficient of discharge for fuel to be 0.7 and $\gamma=1.4$. **(6)**

- Q4 a)** Explain various stages of combustion in SI engine. **(4)**
b) Describe how ignition delay affects knocking in CI engines. Discuss the parameters which affect the ignition delay in CI engines. **(6)**
- Q5 a)** What do you mean by supercharging? Discuss the various arrangements of supercharging for an engine. **(6)**
b) Differentiate between the battery and magneto ignition system . **(4)**
- Q6 a)** Briefly explain the methods to measure brake power of an engine. **(5)**
b) Discuss the different types of cooling systems used for IC engines. **(5)**
- Q7** An ideal open cycle gas turbine plant using air operates in an overall pressure ratio of 4 and between temperature limits of 27°C and 727°C . It is attached with a heat exchanger to extract the heat from turbine exhaust gases and an intercooler between two stage compressors. Assuming $C_p=1.005$ kJ/kg.K and $C_v=0.718$ kJ/kg.K, perfect intercooling ,optimum stage pressure ratios and perfect regeneration find the specific work output and thermal efficiency for the plant. Compare it with a simple gas turbine plant without the heat exchanger and intercooler. **(10)**
- Q8** Write short notes on any two: **(5 x 2)**
a) Willan's Line Method
b) MPFI system
c) Torboprop engine
d) Catalytic Converters