

*Or***2019***Time : 3 hours**Full Marks : 80*

(b) Obtain the solution of the central equation and explain the number of orbitals in a metals and insulators.

6. (a) Distinguish between intrinsic and impurity semiconductor with examples. Discuss the theory of intrinsic conductivity of a semiconductor.

Or

(b) Explain what is meant by polarization in dielectrics. Arrive at the relation between the dielectric constant and atomic polarizability.

Answer from both the Sections as per direction

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to answer in their own words as far as practicable

(BASIC SOLID STATE PHYSICS)

SECTION – A

1. Answer any *four* questions : 4 × 4

(a) If n for KCl is 5.77, madelung constant is 1.75 and nearest separation 0.314 nm, calculate the cohesive energy [$I = 4.1$ eV and $E = 3.6$ eV].

(b) Explain the effect of temperature on the Fermi-Dirac distribution function.

(2)

- (c) Write a note on electrical conductivity.
- (d) Explain the number of orbitals in a band.
- (e) Explain the local electric field in dielectrics.
- (f) Find the total polarizability of CO_2 , if its susceptibility is 0.985×10^{-3} . Density of carbon dioxide is 1.977 kg/m^3 .

Or

2. Answer *all* questions : 2 × 8

- (a) What is a covalent bond in crystals ? Explain.
- (b) What do you mean by long-wavelength limits ?
- (c) Define phenon heat capacity.
- (d) Explain ohm's law
- (e) What do you mean by energy gap ? Explain.
- (f) Define diffusion in semiconductor.
- (g) Define local field in solid dielectrics.
- (h) Define lattice energy.

(3)

SECTION – B

Answer all questions : 16 × 4

3. (a) What are ionic crystals ? Explain the formation of an ionic crystal and obtain an expression for its cohesive energy.

Or

- (b) Discuss in detail the vibration of a diatomic linear chain.

4. (a) Obtain Debye's T^3 law and explain the Einstein's theory of the specific heat in free electrons.

Or

- (b) Explain the free electron gas in three dimensions and obtain an expression for heat capacity of electron gas.

5. (a) Describe nearby free electron model and explain the origin of the energy gap.