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Total Number of Pages : 1

M.TECH

M.TECH 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER (AR 17) SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2019  
 ADVANCED ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS

Branch: TE, Subject Code:MTEPC2010

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks : 70

(10 X 2=20 MARKS)

PART-A

1. Answer the following questions.

- Write down the Maxwell's Equations.
- What do you mean by equi-partition of energy?
- Explain through a suitable example the difference between the first and second law efficiencies.
- What do you mean by compressibility factor and what is the value of it for ideal gas?
- A refrigerator removes 1.5 kJ from the cold space using 1 kJ work input. How much energy goes into the kitchen, and what is its coefficient of performance?
- Define fugacity.
- Explain the concept of principle of increase of entropy.
- Explain the concept of Helm Holtz free energy.
- Define adiabatic flame temperature.
- Difference between exergy and energy.

PART-B

(5 X 10=50 MARKS)

Answer any five questions from the following.

- A steam turbine has steam flowing at steady rate of 5kg/s entering at 5 MPa and 500°C and leaving at 0.2 MPa and 140°C. During flow through turbine a heat loss of 600kJ/s occurs to the environment at 1 atm and 25°C. Determine
  - the availability of steam at inlet to turbine,
  - the turbine output
  - the maximum possible turbine output, and
  - Irreversibility.
- Write down about Maxwell-Boltzmann distribution of different kind of molecular speeds. [3]
  - Determine the Fugacity of pure water for the following case. Assume Fugacity coefficient 0.74
    - Saturated Vapour at 100°C
    - Saturated liquid at 100°C
    - Compressed liquid at 100°C and 200bar
    - Superheated vapour at 100°C and 0.5 bar
    - Saturated Vapour at 350°C.
    - Super cooled vapour at 90 OC, 1bar. Assume ideal gas as vapour.
- Is it possible to perform an irreversible process with a closed system yet having entropy change nil? [4]
  - Enclosed in a perfectly insulated and smooth piston-cylinder assembly is a 20 kg mass of air. And it is then allowed to expand adiabatically from 500 kPa, 353K till its volume is doubled and temperature becomes equal to 278 K- the temperature of the surroundings. Determine the
    - maximum work availability
    - change in availability due to this expansion process
    - irreversibility.
- From T – ds equation derive  $C_p - C_v = T \beta^2 / K$ . [5]
  - Give the expression for first and second T – ds equation. [5]
- Derive the equation  $(\delta C_p / \delta p)_T = - T (\delta^2 V / \delta T^2)$  [5]
  - Briefly explain Fermi Dirac and Bose Einstein statics [5]
- Please show, By the help of Partition functions and their properties  $Z = Z I Z II$  Where Z is the partition function for the total system Z I & Z II are the partition function of weakly non interacting parts [6]
  - Using Maxwell relation, Prove  $C_p > C_v$  [4]
- Write Short notes on
  - Entropy maximum Vs. Energy minimum principle [5]
  - Gibbs Free Energy Vs. Helmholtz Free Energy principle [5]