Registration No:							
Total Number of Pag	ges: 2						
3 rd Semester Regular / Back Examination 2015-16 BIOCHEMISTRY Branch: Biotechnology Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70							
Answer Questic		.CODE: T is compu		d any five	e from th		

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

Q1 Answer the following questions:

(2 x 10)

- a) What is protein turn over?
- **b)** Write the examples of two coenzymes?
- c) Define gluconeogenesis?
- **d)** Write the importance of water soluble vitamins?
- e) What is "all or none" process of protein folding?
- f) What is the end product of β oxidation of fatty acid?
- g) Draw the structure of Cholesterol?
- **h**) Define optical isomerism?
- i) Write the mane of two acidic amino acids?
- **j**) Define isoelectric point. If cystein has P^{ka} (α COOH), P^{ka} (α NH₃⁺) and P^{ka} R (side chain) values 1.7, 10.8 and 8.3 respectively, calculate its isoelectric point?
- Q2 a) Write the Michaelis-Menten equation? What is the significance of Km value?
 - b) How the competitive inhibitors are differ from non competitive inhibitors in their action?

Q3	a)	How the tertiary structure of protein is stabilized? How the	(5)
		tertiary structure is differing from quaternary structure?	
	b)	What is hypochromic effect of DNA? Write its significance?	(5)
Q4		Write down the reaction steps of glycolysis along with the	(10)
		enzymes catalyzing the reactions? Calculate the ATP Yielding	
		from complete oxidation of glucose?	
Q5	a)	What do you mean by genetic code? Write the features of	(5)
	- \	genetic code?	(5)
	b)	What is Ramachandan Plot? Mark the most disfavored area in	(5)
		the plot?	
Q6	a)	Write the steps of biosynthesis of serine?	(5)
	b)	Write the <i>De Novo</i> synthesis of pyrimidine ring structure in	(5)
		cell?	
Q7	a)	Write the structure of ATP? Explain how ATP is served as	(5)
		energy currency in cell?	
	b)	Write down the steps of HMP pathways?	(5)
00		Weiter all and makes are a second	(5 × 2)
Q8	a)	Write short notes on any two: Peptide bond	(5 x 2)
	b)	Transcription	
	c)	Histone	
	d)	Biological oxidation	
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