Reg	jistrati	on no:	
Tota	al Num	nber of Pages: 02	B.TECH CMT4202
Q1	Answ a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	3rd Semester Regular / Back Examination 2015-16 METALLURGICAL THERMODYNAMICS AND KINETICS BRANCH(S): MM,MME Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 Q.CODE: T692 Ver Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the r The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. Answer the following questions: Define the terms thermodynamic System and Surrounding Differentiate between homogeneous and hetero generous system What is a reversible process? Define term activity. State mathematical formulation of 1st law of thermodynamics. What is the value of Gibbs free energy of nucleation at equilibrium temperature? What is the basic principle of DAT? What is a metallo-thermic reduction? How thermodynamics does differ from kinetics? Define term regular solution.	est. (2 x 10)
Q2		Derive following thermodynamic relations(any two): i). $dG=VdP-SdT$ ii) $\left[\frac{\partial (\Delta G/T)}{\partial T}\right]_{P}=-\Delta H/T^2$ iii) $Cp-Cv=R$ iv) $S=C_plnV+C_vlnP+Constant$	(5x2)
Q3	a)	Derive partial molar enthalpy of mixing	(5)
	b)	With the help of an Ellingham diagram, comment on the metallothermic reduction of metal oxide.	(5)
Q4		In the iron ore (Hematite ore) reduction by carbon-monoxide discuss different kinetic steps involved. Suggest rate controlling step. Comment on the importance of activation energy in the Chemical reaction.	(10)
Q5	a)	Enthalpy of an ideal gas is independent of pressure in an isothermal process justify from Maxell's relation, i.e $(\delta H/\delta P)_T = 0$	(5)
	b)	Determine the temperature above and below which the aluminothermic reduction	(5)

$$2{A1} + 3/2 (O_2) = ;$$
  $\Delta G^o = (-1,679,876 + 321.79 T) J$   $(Mg) + 1/2 (O_2) = ;$   $\Delta G^o = (-731,154 + 205.39 T) J$ 

of MgO become thermodynamic feasible at 1 atm pressure.

Data given:

Q6 What is fugacity? From P-V isotherm derive quantitative expression of fugacity (2+4)a)  $f = P.e^{-\frac{A}{RT}}$ The specific heat(Cp) of pure iron expressed in J/(mol.K) as a function of b) **(4)** temperature T(in K) is given as  $C_p=17.49 + 24.77 \times 10^{-3} \text{T}$ What is the change in enthalpy of pure iron(in J/mol) when it is heated from 25°C to 700°C? Q7 Discuss temperature dependence of entropy (10)Q8 **Write Short Notes (Any Two)**  $(5 \times 2)$ a) Gibbs-Duhem equation Interfacial reaction kinetics b) Excess function c) Solid electrolyte d)

**Activity Coefficient** 

e)