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**Total Number of Pages: 02** 

B.TECH PCEC4201

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester Regular / Back Examination 2015-16 ANALOG ELECTRONICS CIRCUITS

BRANCH: AEIE, BIOMED, CSE, EC, EEE, EIE, ELECTRICAL, ETC, IEE, IT

Time: 3 Hours Max Marks: 70 Q.CODE: T625

Answer Question No.1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**Q1** Answer the following questions:

(2 x 10)

- a) Why a fixed bias is called so? Justify.
- **b)** An amplifier bursts into oscillation when the loop gain AB=1, but for sustained oscillation AB>1. Why so?
- **c**) Which h-parameters one can determine from the input characteristics and the output characteristics of a BJT?
- **d**) Give the load line of BJT amplifier if  $V_{CC}$ = + 9V and  $R_C$  = 1.8K?
- e) Explain the origin of crossover distortion? How can this be minimized?
- f) What are the minimum values of gain in inverting and non inverting amplifiers?
- g) Write Shockley's equation. How it is used to design d.c biasing of JFET?
- h) What is better input buffer, a BJT or an FET? Justify.
- i) Design an RC phase shifter that introduces a phase shift of 45 degrees.
- j) What is the linear amplification factor of a transistor if its gain is 100?
- Q2 a) Consider a general feedback system with parameters  $A = 10^6$  and  $A_f = 100$ . If the magnitude of A decreases by 20%, what is the corresponding % change in  $A_f$ ?
  - **b)** Explain frequency response of BJT amplifiers.

(5)

(5)

- Q3 a) Find the input resistance, output resistance of an amplifier that employs voltage series feedback.
  - **b)** Derive the conditions of oscillation in a Wein-bridge oscillator.

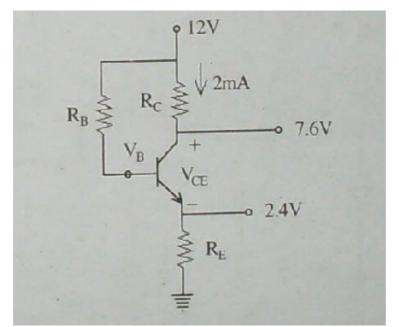
(5)

(5)

(10)

- Q4 Draw the circuit diagram of a class A transformer coupled power amplifier using an npn transistor. This amplifier drives a 16 ohms speaker through a 4:1 transformer, using a power supply of  $V_{CC}$  = 36 V, the circuit delivers 2 watts to the load. Calculate:
  - i) ac power across transformer primary
  - ii) ac voltage across the load
  - iii) the rms value of load current.

Q5 a)



In the above circuit determine  $R_C$ ,  $R_E$ ,  $R_B$ ,  $V_{CE}$  and  $V_B$ . The transistor has a  $\beta$  =80.

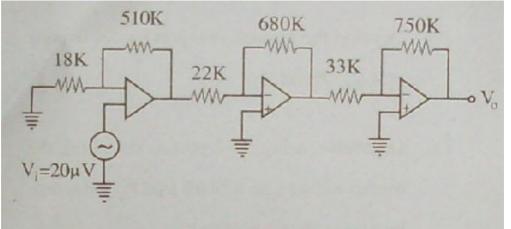
**b)** Draw and explain the op-amp based differentiator.

(3)

(5)

(7)

Q6 a)



Calculate the output voltage Vo of the above circuit.

**b)** List the characteristics of an ideal OP-AMP. What is CMMR?

(5)

Q7 a) An n-channel FET has  $V_{P}$ = -2.0V and  $I_{DSS}$ = 1.65 mA It is desired to bias the circuit at  $I_{D}$ = 0.8 mA at  $V_{DD}$  = 24V. Find  $V_{GS}$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $R_S$  and  $R_d$ .

(5)

(5)

b) Draw an emitter follower or source follower circuit. (i) What is the type of feedback? (ii) Find the feedback factor. Find the voltage gain with and without feedback.

(5 x 2)

**Q8** Write short notes on any two:

- a) Cascade and cascode amplifier.
- b) Summing Amplifier
- c) Emitter Follower Circuit
- **d)** 8:1 MUX