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GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS GUNUPUR – 765022

R4A19001070

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Total Number of Pages : 2										Í	B.TECH	
	: 3 Hours	4" BCE The fi	^h Semest 2 PC4010 (R gures ir T – A: (N) – GE(egulati Ans n the r	OTEC ons 20 swer A ight h	HNIC 017) C LL Qu and r	CAL E IVIL Lestion	n GIN ENGG ns in indi	EERI ;. cate	NG-I Maxim marks	um : 100 Marks	
Q.1.	Answer All Question	ns.		-								
а	Which of the followi	ng types c	of soil is	transno	orted by	v oravi	itatior	al force	-67			[CO1] [PO1]
u	a) loess	b) talus			drift	, gravi		lune sa				
	,					10	<i>,</i>				1.	
b	A soil has a bulk den									y of soi	11 15	[CO1] [PO1]
	a) 18.6 kN/m	ı ³ b) 20.0) kN/m ³	c)	22.0 k	N/m ³	d) 2	.3.2 kN	/m³			
С	Toughness index is d	efined as	the ratio	of								[CO2] [PO1]
	a) plasticity index to	consisten	cy index	b) plas	ticity i	ndex t	o flov	v index				
	c) liquidity index to f	low index	d) cons	istency	index	to liqu	iidity	index				
d	The hydraulic head th	nat would	produce	a quic	k cond	ition i	n a sai	nd strat	um of	thickne	ess 1.5 m.	[CO2] [PO2]
ä	specific gravity 2.67		-	-								[00]][10]]
						1						
	a) 1.0m	b) 1.5 m		c) 2.0) 3m					
е	An uniformly distri	bute line	load o	f 500	kN/m	is ac	ting	on the	grou	nd sur	face. Based on	[CO3] [PO2]
	Boussinesq's theory	the ratio of	of vertica	al stress	s at a d	lepth 2	2 m to	that at	4 m,	right b	elow the line of	
	loading is a) 0.25		b) 0.25	5	c) 2	0.0		d) 4.0				
f	The maximum vertic	al stress o	n a verti	cal plar	ne due	to poi	nt load	l Q at d	lepth 2	Z is giv	ven by	[CO3] [PO3]
	a) 0.1332 Q/Z ²		875 Q/Z ²	-		-			-	U	2	
~	Coefficient of consol			,		<i>(12 ° °</i> ,	, 0.00	15 212				
g	a) compressibility b				•	sihility	and	nermea	hility	d) none	of the above	[CO4] [PO4]
h	Time factor for a clay	-	(inty C)	both co	mpres	sionity	y and	permea	onny	u) none	of the above	[CO4] [PO4]
	a) a dimensional para	•	b) direct	ly prop	ortion	al to p	ermea	bility o	f soil			
	c) inversely proportio	onal to dra	inage pa	th d) ir	ndepen	dent o	f thicl	teness of	f clay	layer		
i	A cylindrical specime											[CO5] [PO5]
	was laterally unconfi		-						-		angle of 45°.	
	The values of cohesie $a \ge 0.5$ N/mm ² and 200	-	-					-		•	mm ² and 45°	
;	a) 0.5 N/mm ² and 30 The shear strength o		JS IN/IIII	1 and C)° C) U.	2 IN/III	in an	d 0 ⁻	d) (J.US IN/	mm and 45	[CO5] [PO5]
j	a) is directly		nal to the	e angle	of inte	ernal fr	riction	of the	soil			[005] [105]
	b) is inversel			-								
	c) decreases	with incre	ase in no	ormal s	tress							
	d) decreases	with decre	ease in n	ormal s	stress							
			Г – В: (S	Short A	nswer	Ques	tions	10 X 2	2=20 I	Marks		
2	Q.2. Answer <u>ALL</u> Distinguish between			Tranco	orted s	oil wit	h eva	mnlee				[CO1] [PO1]
a b	Show the difference			-				inpics.				[CO1] [PO1] [CO1] [PO1]
C	Write the Darcy's law											[CO2] [PO2]
d	What do you mean by	-	-	-			-	_				[CO2] [PO2]
е	Differentiate between	n Boussin	esq's &	Wester	gaard's	s meth	od of	analysi	s.			[CO3] [PO3]

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f	Find the vertical stress due to a point load of 20 kN acting at 3 m below the ground and at a rac	lial	[CO3] [PO3]				
g h j	distance of 2 m from the line of action of the load. Differentiate between consolidation and compaction. Write the assumptions made for the derivation of one dimensional Terzaghi's consolidation theory. What do you mean by Sensitivity and Thixotropy of clay? What is Taylor's Stability number?						
	PART – C: (Long Answer Question 4 X 15=60 Marks Answer <u>ALL</u> questions						
Q.3							
а	A soil sample has a porosity of 40 %. The specific gravity of soil solids is 2.70. Calculate a) Voids ratio, b) dry density, c) unit weight if the soil is 56% saturated and d) unit weight if the soil is completely saturated. Also establish the relation between bulk unit weight, specific gravity, void ratio and degree of saturation.	8+7 Marks	[CO1] [PO1]				
b	Explain the soil classification of soil as per Indian Standards. OR		[CO1] [PO1]				
С	What do you mean by Atterberg Limits? A soil sample has a plastic limit of 25% and plasticity index of 30%. If the natural water content of the soil is 34%, what is the liquidity	8+7	[CO1] [PO2]				
d	index and consistency index? How do you describe the consistency of this soil? Describe the types of clay minerals.	Marks	[CO1] [PO2]				
Q.4 a b	Explain the falling head permeameter test with neat sketch. A sand deposit is 10 m thick and overlies a bed of soft clay. The ground water table is 4 m below the ground surface. If the sand above the water table has a degree of saturation of 48%, plot the effective stress diagram, Take void ratio of sand as 0.7 and specific gravity as 2.65.	8+7 Marks	[CO2] [PO3] [CO2] [PO3]				
c	OR Explain the factors affecting the compaction.	7 9	[CO2] [PO4]				
c d	Explain the procedure to draw the flow nets for anisotropic soil.	7+8 Marks	[CO2] [PO4] [CO2] [PO4]				
Q.5 a	Explain the equivalent methods to determine stress due to uniformly loaded area. Derive the for computing vertical stress at a point which is located at a depth (Z units) beneath the grou and below the center of a uniformly loaded circular area.	9+6	[CO3] [PO3]				
b	Enumerate various methods to determine the coefficient of consolidation. Discuss any one method.	Marks	[CO4] [PO3]				
	OR						
С	A certain clay layer has a thickness of 5 m. After one year, when the clay was 50% consolidate settlement had occurred. For similar clay and loading conditions, how much settlement wou the end of 1 year and 4 years respectively, if the thickness of this layer was 25 m?	8+7	[CO4] [PO4]				
d	What do you mean by pressure bulb? A vertical concentrated load of 100 kN is applied on the ground surface. Plot the isobar for a stress intensity of 10 kN/m ² due to this load, Use Boussinesq's equation.	Marks	[CO3] [PO5]				
Q.6							
а	A cohesion less soil sample failed in a triaxial test under a deviator stress of 160 kN/m^2 when the cell pressure was 80 kN/m^2 . If for the same sample, the confining pressure was increased to 160 kN/m^2 , what would have been the deviator stress at failure?	8+7 Marks	[CO5] [PO5]				
b	Explain the Vane shear test.		[CO5] [PO5]				
с	OR Explain the Friction circle method of analysis of slopes.		[CO5] [PO5]				
d	What inclination is required where a filling 12 m high is to be constructed having a factor of safety 1.25? The soil has cohesion and angle of friction as 20 kN/m ² and 15 [°] respectively. The unit weight of soil is 17 kN/m ³ . The stability number for $\Phi=12^{\circ}$ is equal to 0.063 when slope is 30° and 0.098 for slope angle 45°.	8+7 Marks	[CO5] [PO5]				