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Total Number of Pages : 2

B.TECH

4<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular Examination-April-May 2019**BELPC4040 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**

(Regulations 2017) Common to EE/EEE ENGG.

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL Questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**PART – A: (Multiple Choice Questions) 10 x 2=20 Mark****Q.1. Answer ALL Questions.**

- a Which of the following is a meaningless combination? [CO1] [PO1]  
(a) grad div (b) div curl (c) curl grad (d) non of these
- b If  $\mathbf{H} = 4a_\rho - 3a_\phi + 5a_z$ , at  $(1, \pi/2, 0)$  the component of  $\mathbf{H}$  parallel to surface  $\rho = 1$  is [CO1] [PO2]  
(a)  $4a_\rho$  (b)  $5a_z$  (c)  $-3a_\phi$  (d)  $-3a_\phi + 5a_z$
- c Where surfaces  $\rho = 2$  and  $z = 1$  intersect is [CO1] [PO2]  
(a) an infinite plane (b) a semiinfinite plane (c) a circle (d) a cylinder
- d The work done by the force  $\mathbf{F} = 4a_x - 3a_y + 2a_z$  N in giving a 1 nC charge a displacement of  $10a_x + 2a_y - 7a_z$  m is [CO2] [PO2]  
(a) 103 nJ (b) 60 nJ (c) 64 nJ (d) 20 nJ
- e Plane  $z = 10$  m carries charge  $20 \text{ nC/m}^2$ . The electric field intensity at the origin is [CO2] [PO2]  
(a)  $-10a_z \text{ V/m}$  (b)  $-18\pi a_z \text{ V/m}$  (c)  $-72\pi a_z \text{ V/m}$  (d)  $-360\pi a_z \text{ V/m}$
- f An electric potential field is produced by point charges  $1 \mu\text{C}$  and  $4\mu\text{C}$  located at  $(-2, 1, 5)$  and  $(1, 3, -1)$ , respectively. The energy stored in the field is [CO2] [PO2]  
(a) 2.57 mJ (b) 5.14 mJ (c) 10.28 mJ (d) None of the above
- g Two thin parallel wires carry currents along the same direction. The force experienced by one due to the other is [CO3] [PO1]  
(a) Parallel to the lines (b) Perpendicular to the lines and attractive  
(c) Perpendicular to the lines and repulsive (d) Zero
- h The concept of displacement current was a major contribution attributed to [CO3] [PO1]  
(a) Faraday (b) Lenz (c) Maxwell (d) Lorentz
- i A loop is rotating about the y-axis in a magnetic field  $\mathbf{B} = B_0 \sin \omega t a_x \text{ Wb/m}^2$ . The voltage induced in the loop is due to [CO4] [PO1]  
(a) Motional emf (b) Transformer emf  
(c) A combination of motional and transformer emf (d) None of the above
- j The Poynting vector physically denotes the power density leaving or entering a given volume in a time-varying field. [CO4] [PO1]  
(a) True (b) False

**PART – B: (Short Answer Questions) 10x2=20 Marks****Q.2. Answer ALL questions**

- a State Divergence theorem and its significance? [CO1] [PO1]
- b Define stokes Theorem? [CO1] [PO1]
- c Write the point form of Maxwell's first equation? [CO2] [PO1]
- d Give the expression for energy stored in static electric field? [CO2] [PO1]
- e What is potential gradient? [CO3] [PO1]
- f Express the integral form of displacement current? [CO3] [PO1]
- g Define Vector Magnetic Potential and its unit? [CO3] [PO1]
- h Write about uniqueness theorem? [CO2] [PO1]
- i What is the Wave equation in free space? [CO4] [PO1]
- j Define good dielectrics? [CO4] [PO1]

**PART – C: (Long Answer Questions) 4x15=60 Marks****Answer ALL questions**

- Q.3**
- a Explain the cylindrical coordinate system and relationship between cartesian to cylindrical system, write transformation of vector 'A' in matrix form? [CO1] [PO1]
- b Determine the divergence of these vector fields: 15 Marks [CO1] [PO2]
- (a)  $\mathbf{P} = x^2 yz \mathbf{a}_x + xz \mathbf{a}_z$
- (b)  $\mathbf{Q} = \rho \sin \phi \mathbf{a}_\rho + \rho^2 z \mathbf{a}_\phi + z \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_z$
- (c)  $\mathbf{T} = 1/r^2 (\cos \theta) \mathbf{a}_r + r \sin \theta \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_\theta + \cos \theta \mathbf{a}_\phi$
- OR
- c Explain the spherical coordinate system and relationship between spherical to cylindrical system, write transformation of vector 'A' in matrix form? [CO1] [PO1]
- d Find the curl of the following vectors: 15 Marks [CO1] [PO2]
- (a)  $\mathbf{A} = e^{xy} \mathbf{a}_x + \sin xy \mathbf{a}_y + \cos^2 xz \mathbf{a}_z$
- (b)  $\mathbf{B} = \rho z^2 \cos \phi \mathbf{a}_\rho + z \sin^2 \phi \mathbf{a}_z$
- (c)  $\mathbf{C} = r \cos \theta \mathbf{a}_r - 1/r \sin \theta \mathbf{a}_\theta + 2r^2 \sin \theta \mathbf{a}_\phi$
- Q.4**
- a State and explain Coulomb's law. 15 Marks [CO2] [PO1]
- b Explain Gauss's law and its limitations? 15 Marks [CO2] [PO1]
- OR
- c Derive the relation between electric field intensity and electric potential. 15 Marks [CO2] [PO1]
- d Derive Poisson's and Laplace equations from fundamentals. 15 Marks [CO2] [PO1]
- Q.5**
- a State and explain Ampere's Circuital law. [CO3] [PO1]
- b A single-phase circuit comprises two parallel conductors A and B, each 1 cm diameter and spaced 1 m apart. The conductors carry current of +100 and -100 Amps respectively. Determine the field intensity at the surface of each conductor and also in space exactly midway between A and B. 15 Marks [CO3] [PO2]
- OR
- c Derive Biot-Savart law and relate it to Amperes law. Show that the divergence magnetic induction is always zero. [CO3] [PO1]
- d The vector magnetic potential, A due to direct current in a conductor in free space is given by  $\mathbf{A} = (x^2 + y^2) \mathbf{a}_z \mu\text{Wb/m}^2$ . Determine the magnetic Field produced by the current element at (1, 2, 3). 15 Marks [CO3] [PO2]
- Q.6**
- a Derive the expression for displacement current density 15 Marks [CO4] [PO1]
- b State and explain Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction in both integral and differential forms. 15 Marks [CO4] [PO1]
- OR
- c State and prove Pointing vector? 15 Marks [CO4] [PO1]
- d Discuss about reflection and refraction of plane waves for normal incidence at the interface between two dielectrics. 15 Marks [CO4] [PO1]

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