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Total number of printed pages - 02

B.TECH
PCCH4201

3rd Semester Back Examination 2016 - 17
FLUID FLOW & FLOW MEASUREMENT

BRANCH : Chemical

Time : 3 Hours

Max Marks : 70

Question Code : Y488

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any FIVE from the rest.
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Assume suitable notations and any missing data wherever necessary.

Answer all parts of a question at a place.

1. **Answer the following questions :** **2 x 10**
- (a) What are compressible and incompressible fluids ?
 - (b) Write the Barometric equation and mention its use.
 - (c) What is the effect of temperature on the viscosity of gases and liquids?
 - (d) Differentiate between wall turbulence and free turbulence.
 - (e) Mention the values of kinetic energy correction factor for laminar and turbulent flows.
 - (f) Define hydraulic radius for non-circular channels.
 - (g) What do you understand by a hydraulically smooth tube ?
 - (h) What is drag coefficient?
 - (i) What is particulate fluidization?
 - (j) Recovery of pressure loss in venturimeter is more. Justify.
2. A lube is flowing through a 15 cm steel pipe at a rate of 1500 l/min. A 10 cm sharp edged orifice is inserted to this steel pipe. A mercury manometer is attached to the orifice meter. At the flow temperature, the oil has a specific gravity of 0.80 and viscosity of 15 cP. If one of the arms of the manometer tube is inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal, what would be the manometer reading measured along the sloping arm? Orifice coefficient is 0.62 and density of mercury is 13.6 gm/cm^3 . **10**
3. (a) Water at 25°C is flowing through a 500 m horizontal pipe at 454.5 l/min. A head of 10 m is available. If the friction factor for this condition is 0.0048, find the pipe diameter. **05**
- (b) Draw and explain the Prandtl boundary layer. **05**

