Total number of printed pages - 3

B. Tech

BENG 1101 (Old)

Second Semester (Back) Examination – 2013 MECHANICS

BRANCH: ALL

QUESTION CODE: B491

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

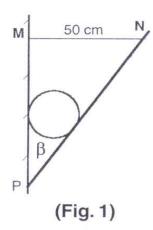
The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Answer the following questions :

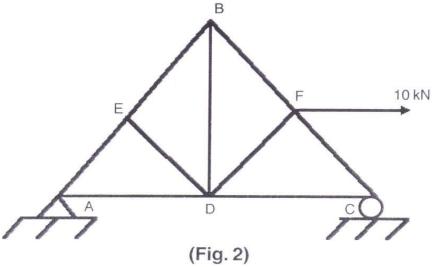
2×10

- (a) Establish the expression for the moment of a force about a line.
- (b) To turn right, the steering wheel of a Hyundai Santro is to be rotated by applying a force of 12 N. The diameter of the wheel is 0.4 m. Compute the required moment.
- (c) Differentiate between a just-rigid and an over-rigid truss.
- (d) Differentiate between angle of static friction and angle of limiting friction. What is wedge friction?
- (e) What is radius of gyration? Where and for what purpose is it used?
- (f) A 16 m long thin metallic wire is bent into an isosceles triangle with base being 6 m. Locate its centroid.
- (g) A particle starts from rest and moves along a straight line with constant acceleration á. If it acquires a velocity v = 4 m/sec, after having travelled a distance of S = 12 m, find the magnitude of acceleration.
- (h) Where should the slope of velocity curve be maximum? Justify your answer.
- (i) What is natural frequency?
- (j) What do you mean by coefficient of restitution? Enumerate its values for different types of impact.

 A circular log of weight 1 kN and radius 16 cm is supported on a pair of bracket as shown in Fig. 1. Bar PN hinged at P and held by a string MN of length 50 cm. To induce minimum tension in MN, determine the angle β as shown, for equilibrium. Consider all contact surfaces as smooth. Also find the value of minimum tension.



- (a) A uniform ladder, of weight 250 N and length 5 m, rests on a floor, with one end against a smooth vertical wall. The foot of the ladder is at a distance of 2.5 meters from the wall. Find the friction between the ladder and wall.
 - A beam ABC of 7 m span is hinged at A and supported on a roller at B which are 4 m apart and has an overhang BC of 3 m beyond the support B. It is loaded with a uniformly varying load whose intensity varies from zero at A to 10 kN/m at C. Find the reactions at the supports A and B.
- A pin jointed simply supported truss ABC is hinged at A and supported on a roller at C. It is loaded as shown in Fig. 2. AB = BC = CA = 3 m. D, E and F are mid points of AC and BC. Find the forces in the members of the truss.



- 5. Locate the centroid and determine the moment of inertia about the centroidal x-axis and y-axis of the area enclosed between curves $y = x^3/3$ and $x = y^3/4$. 10
- (a) A man weighing 500 N jumps into a swimming pool from a tower of height 20 m. He was found to go down in water by 2.5 m and then started rising. Find the average resistance of water.
 - (b) A ball is dropped vertically from a tower-top. During last 1 second of motion, it falls through 65% of the height. Determine the height of the tower.
- 7. (a) A wheel that can rotate freely about an axle, but cannot move in any other way. It is initially spinning at a rate of ω = 25 rad/sec but the friction at the axle produces a torque T= 6 Nm about the axle. How long does it take the wheel to come to a stop? Mass of the wheel is 5 kg and radius of gyration is 0.9 m.
 - (b) A tennis ball is dropped from a 3 m high ceiling of a room. After bouncing twice, the ball attains a height of 0.75 m measured from the floor. Determine the coefficient of restitution in this situation.
- 8. (a) The distance between the rails of the track is 1.65 m. How much the outer rail be elevated for a curve of 250 m radius, in order that the resultant force may be normal at a speed of 50 kmph?
 - (b) A clock provided with a seconds pendulum is gaining 120 seconds a day. Find how much the length of the pendulum should be increased, so as to correct the clock.