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Total number of printed pages - 3

B. Tech BS 1103

## Second Semester Examination – 2013

## CHEMISTRY - I

**QUESTION CODE: A 434** 

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

(Standard data : h=6.626×10<sup>-34</sup>Js,  $m_e$ =9.1×10<sup>-31</sup>kg, c=3×10<sup>8</sup>ms<sup>-1</sup>, R=8.314 JK<sup>-1</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup>, N=6.023×10<sup>23</sup>mol<sup>-1</sup>, 1amu =1.6605×10<sup>-27</sup>kg, e=1.6×10<sup>-19</sup>C)

## Answer the following questions :

2×10

- (a) What are the bond orders of H<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>?
- (b) Write down the Arrhenius equation and explain each term involved in it.
- (c) Calculate the velocity of an electron that has been accelerated by a potential difference of 1 V.
- (d) What are eigen values and eigen functions?
- (e) How is the theory of absolute rate superior to collision theory?
- (f) What is the difference between Triple point and eutectic point?
- (g) Why cannot all the phases of sulphur system co-exist at the same temperature and pressure?
- (h) What is a storage cell? How does it differ from a fuel cell?
- (i) The ionic radii of Cs<sup>+</sup> and Br<sup>-</sup> ions are 169 pm and 195 pm, respectively. What type of unit cell would be expected for CsBr crystals?
- (j) What are the criteria of spontaneity of chemical reactions?

2.	(a)	Write down the cell involving the reaction with the reactions at an cathode:	ode and
		$Zn(s) + Fe^{2+}(aq) \rightleftharpoons Zn^{2+}(aq) + Fe(s),$	
		$E^{\circ}(Fe^{2+},Fe)=-0.440V$ and $E_{o}(Zn^{2+},Zn)=-0.76V$ .	
		Find out the E° <sub>cell</sub> of the cell.	3
	(b)	Find out the miller indices of crystal planes with intercepts 2a, 3b, c, 3b, 3c.	and 6a, 3
•	(c)	Write down the reactions involved in charging and discharging storage cell.	of lead 4
3.	(a)	Explain why order of a reaction cannot be predicted from stoichiometry.	overall 2
	(b)	A first order reaction is 20% complete in 10 minutes. Calculate	
		(i) rate constant, and	
		(ii) time taken for 75% completion.	4
	(c)	What are Schottky and Frenkel defects? Explain with examples.	4
4	(a)	Draw a neat diagram and discuss the water equilibrium system.	4
	(b)	Which of the following molecules / ions are paramagnetic and diama	gnetic?
		Calculate the bond order in each case.	6
		(i) O <sub>2</sub>	
		(ii) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup>	
		(iii) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	
		(iv) O <sub>2</sub> -	
		(v) O <sub>2</sub> <sup>+</sup>	
5.	(a)	What is the difference Between the Eutectic reaction, peritectic reaction and Eutection reaction and periction reaction Explain with Example.	
	(b)	(1)Cp - Cv = [P + $\{\partial U/\partial V\}_T$ ][ $\partial V/\partial T$ ] p	4
	(c)	If T = f (P, V) Then prove that dT is a Perfect differential.	2
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- (a) Show that for a first order reaction the time required for the successive reduction in the concentration of A by a constant factor is independent of the initial concentration of A.
  - (b) The pseudo-first order rate constant for an acid hydrolysis reaction,  $S + H_2O + H^+ \rightarrow P$ , is  $1.8 \times 10^{-5} \, s^{-1}$ . Calculate the true rate constant, given  $[H^+] = 0.1 \, \text{M}$ , and  $[H_2O] = 55.6 \, \text{M}$ .
  - (c) Explain the metallic bonding with reference to Electron Gas Model.
- 7. (a) Calculate the distance between Na<sup>+</sup> and Cl<sup>-</sup> in NaCl crystal, if its density is 2.165 gm cm<sup>-3</sup>. NaCl has fcc structure (Mass of Na = 23, Cl = 35.5) 3
  - (b) Calculate the change in emf with temperature of the fully charged lead acid storage cell, if  $\Delta$  S = 2.72 kJmol<sup>-1</sup> for the cell reaction :
    - $PbO_{2}(s) + Pb(s) + 2H_{2}SO_{4} \rightarrow 2 PbSO_{4}(s) + 2H_{2}O(l)$  3
  - (c) On the basis of the uncertainty principle explain why electrons cannot exist within the nuclei of atoms.
- (a) A hydrogen electrode and a normal calomel electrode (E° = 0.28 V) had a voltage of 0.435V, when placed in a solution at 298K. Calculate the pH of the solution.
  - (b) Calculate the change in free energy accompanying the vaporization of one mole of liquid water at 100°C and 0.1 atm pressure. Will the process be spontaneous?
  - (c) If  $\partial U = T \partial S P \partial V$  Then Show that  $(\partial T / \partial V)_S = -(\partial P / \partial S)_V$ .