Registration No.:							1				
-------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	---	--	--	--	--

Total number of printed pages - 3

B. Tech BE 2106

## Second Semester Regular Examination – 2014 DATA STRUCTURE USING C

BRANCH(S): ALL

**QUESTION CODE: F 458** 

Full Marks - 70

Time: 3 Hours

Answer Question No. 1 which is compulsory and any five from the rest.

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

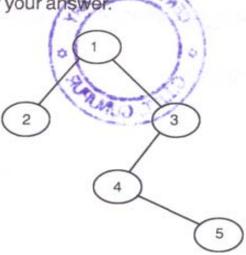
Answer the following questions :

2×10

(a) Calculate how many interchanges are required to sort 5, 5, 6, 2, 4 in descending order using Bubble sort.

GUNUR

(b) In the given binary tree using array one can store the node 4 at which location? Justify your answer.



- (c) If the address of A[1][1] and A[2][1] are 1000 and 1010 respectively and each element occupies 2 bytes then calculate the order in which the array has been stored.
- (d) What is the postfix form of the following prefix \* + ab cd?

- (e) Mention an algorithm to find out the height of a binary tree.
- (f) What is the minimum number of nodes in an AVL tree of height h?
- (g) What do you mean by linear probing?
- (h) What pointer type is used to implement the heterogeneous linked list in C?
- (i) Can a stack be described as a pointer? Explain.
- (j) What is the maximum number of edges m that can exist in a DAG with n vertices?
- (a) Write a program to create a one dimensional array at run time using a user defined function with user given number of elements into it. Also write separate functions that would allow you to insert and delete elements into/from this array at any arbitrary location.
  - (b) Define a queue. Formulate insertion and deletion algorithms for a circular queue.
- (a) Explain the process of conversion from infix expression to postfix expression using stack.
  - (b) Construct an expression treatorthe expression (a +b \* c)+((d \* e +1) \* g). Give the outputs when you apply predict, inorder and postorder traversals.
- 4. Write a menu driven program to perform the following operations on a singly linked list:
  - (a) Create
  - (b) Insert
  - (c) Delete
  - (d) Display
  - (e) Exit.
- 5. (a) Develop an algorithm for a binary search on an ordered list. For the list L={2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20} undertake search for the elements in the list {3, 18, 1, 25}. Compare the number of key comparisons made during the searches.

Given in-order and pre-order traversal of a binary search tree, build the (b) binary search tree. For example, In-order traversal is :{10, 12, 20, 30, 37, 40, 45} Pre-order traversal is: {30, 20, 10, 12, 40, 37, 45} Draw a directed graph with five vertices and seven edges. Exactly one of (a) the edges should be a loop, and do not have any multiple edges. Consider a hash table that stores integer keys. The keys are 32-bit (b) unsigned values, and are always a power of 2. Give the minimum table size t and the hash function h(x) that takes a key x and produces a number between 1 and t, such that no collision occurs. 5 Sort the given values using Quick Sort 2 Explain using the procedure. (a) 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 60, 55, 50, 4 Draw the B-tree of order 3 created by inserting the to owing data arriving in sequence: 92 24 6 7 11 8 22 4 5 9 20 78 Write short notes on any two: 5×2 (a) Double Link List (b) AVL tree

- Warshall's Algorithm (c)
- (d) Hashing.

6.

7.

8.