

GIET MAIN CAMPUS AUTONOMOUS, **GUNUPUR - 765022**

Registration No:

M.TECH

[5]

Total Number of Pages : 2 M.TECH 1ST SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER 2018 ADVANCED REFRIGERATION ENGINEERING

Branch: TE, Subject Code:MTEPC1020

(Regulations 2018)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 70

Ouestion Code: RD18002033

PART-A (10 X 2=20 Marks)

- 1. Answer the following questions.
 - a. Define a tonne of refrigeration.
 - b. Name different types of systems used for cooling aircraft cabin?
 - c. What do you mean by Triple point?
 - d. Differentiate between Relative humidity and Specific humidity.
 - e. Write at least one advantage and disadvantage of capillary tube over expansion valve.
 - f. Discuss the advantages of compound compression with intercooler over single stage compression.
 - g. Why specific the specific heat of refrigerant vapour should be high? Explain
 - h. What is a power fluid in a thermostatic expansion valve?
 - i. What do you understand by evaporative cooling?
 - j. What defrosting capacity control in refrigeration system low?

PART-B (5 X 10=50 Marks)

Answer any five questions from the following.

2.a) In a vapor compression refrigeration system using R-12, the evaporator pressure is 1.4 bar [5] and the condenser pressure is 8 bar. The refrigerant leaves the condenser sub-cooled to 30°C. The vapor leaving the evaporator is dry and saturated. The compression process is isentropic. The amount of heat rejected in the condenser is 13.42 MJ/min. Determine:

- (i) Refrigerating capacity
- (ii) Refrigerating load in TR
- (iii) Compressor input in kW
- (iv) C.O.P

b) Discuss the advantages of vapour absorption system over compression refrigeration system. [5]

- 3.a) Explain the lubrication system in refrigeration plant?
 - b) Explain all methods dehumidification processes of air conditioning system? [5]
- 4.a) Explain the working of Claude liquefaction system with suitable sketch.
- [5] b) Explain the Joule- Thompson coefficient. What do you mean by inversion temperature? [5] Mention the inversion temperatures of few cryogenic fluids.
- 5. A building has the following calculated cooling loads.
 - RSH gain = 310 kw

RLH gain=100 kw

The space is maintains at DBT= 27° C and RH =60%. The outside air is at 35° C and 80° C RH.10% by mass of supplied to the building is outdoor air. If the air supplied to the space is [5] not be at a temperature lower than 18°C, find: [5]

- a) Minimum amount of air supplied to the space in m^3/s .
- b) Capacity, ADP, BPF and SHF of the cooling coil.



- 6.a) In a single stage saturation R-22 refrigeration cycle works between -15°C and 45°C. The compressor has 4 cylinders, each with a bore of 10 cm and stroke of 11.5 cm, clearance [8] volume ratio is 0.04 and it runs at 750 rpm. Find the mass flow rate and the refrigerating [2] capacity.
 - b) Write down the properties of an ideal refrigerant.

7.a) Describe Ejector Refrigeration System.b) Explain the thermal design consideration of condensers used in refrigeration plants.	[5] [5]
8. Write short notes on	

a)	Magnetic Refrigeration Principle	[5]
b)	Miscibility of Lubricating Oil with Refrigerant	[5]

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